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Are You Acquainted with this Salt?
"Col. J. H. Hensley, in answering the latest 'To Mother' at a banquet in Charlottetown, read:
"God bless Anna Jarvis, the Philadelphia woman, who put Mother's Day on the map! That holy day is better for us than ten new South American rivers.
"Let me tell you a 'mother' story.
"To my youth, when I was teaching

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school in Salem, I said one morning to a bright little fellow:

"Tommy, my boy, if a family consisting of father, mother and six children should have a cherry pie for dinner, how much would each receive?"

"A seventh," the little fellow answered.

"Carefully," said I. "Remember there are eight people."

"Yes, sir, I know," said Tommy, "but mother wouldn't take any for fear the others wouldn't have enough."

Bottle of Salt sold for \$2.00

A cat from Maine, which is said to have been in ten war engagements, was sold for \$100 at a "free gift" sale for the Red Cross at Aberdeen, says The London Chronicle. The cat was rescued from a deserted farmhouse by Sir Bradley, Scottish Rifle. It had previously been sold for some £200 at similar sales.

Visited by Duke of Connaught
MONTREAL, May 30.—The Gazette's correspondent in London cables that the Duke of Connaught visited Bransholt Camp yesterday and informally inspected the Canadian training division.

Share the Signature
Charles H. Hensley

ITALIANS' GOAL STILL NEARER

Lines Extended West of Medazzza, on Way to Trieste—Austrians Persistently Attack, With Heavy Losses.

ROME, May 30.—Further gains by the Italian forces on the Trieste front are announced officially. The Italian lines have been extended west of Medazzza, northwest of Duino, about two miles from the Gulf of Trieste.

"The artillery was not so active yesterday on the Trieste front and in Carnia," says the report, "but the firing was very heavy on the Julian front, particularly in the sector from Monte Cucco to Monte Vodice and east of Gorizia. The enemy again persisted in his attacks upon our trenches on Hill 652. Three successive attacks with intense artillery fire failed completely. We captured some 30 prisoners."

"On the Carso the work of strengthening our lines is proceeding actively. An enemy assault attempted east of Boscomale was broken by our battery fire."

"Between Jamiano and the coast we extended by local offensive actions our occupation of ground west of Medazzza."

"On Monday afternoon one enemy aeroplane was brought down in a severe air fight east of Monte San Marco."

VIENNA Statement

VIENNA, May 30.—The War Office communication today says: "In the Eastern theatre there has been livelier fighting, especially in eastern Galicia."

"It has been comparatively calmer on the Isonzo front. Toward evening the Italians, with strong forces, again attempted to break through our lines near the Vodice, but the attack failed under our fire."

Italian attacks today near Jamiano suffered a similar fate."

SEND DELEGATES TO STOCKHOLM

Step Agreed Upon by Factions of French Socialists After Negotiation—Government Will Be Questioned.

PARIS, May 30.—The Government will be asked in both the Chamber of Deputies and the Senate this week what the official attitude is toward the attendance of French delegates at the international socialist conference at Stockholm, and whether passports will be issued to such delegates.

The moderate radicals, one of the strongest parties in the Senate, held a meeting this afternoon to discuss the situation. Senator Henri Chéron will be delegated to ask the government to define its attitude. The Liberal Democrats, represented by Emile Chautemps, will put the same question.

The sudden conciliation of the different factions of the French Socialist party on the question of attending the Stockholm conference, which recently was decided in the affirmative, is explained by well informed persons as resulting from the conviction reached by the majority, which previously was hostile, that it would be inadvisable to leave the Russian Socialists alone with German delegates.

The French Socialists have been told that it is necessary for the Russian Socialists to prove to the Russian army that a sincere effort has been made towards securing peace; hence, according to this view, Russia must be represented at Stockholm, where the German delegates will be given a chance to declare themselves categorically, whereas the army will be able to perceive whether the programme of the German Socialists is acceptable and capable of realization.

A bill which has preference to the decision of the French Socialists to take part in the international socialist conference at Stockholm was introduced in the Chamber of Deputies today by Paul Hugues-Conti. It provides that "whoever concludes or attempts to conclude any convention of negotiations of a political, diplomatic, military, economic or social character, aside from the constituted governmental authorities, either with subjects of an enemy power or with an assemblage embracing a foreign enemy, shall be punished by imprisonment and a fine of 10,000 to 50,000 francs (\$2,000 to \$10,000)."

Gold Storage Reported
Raymond Blathway, a London newspaper man and author, lets the cat out of the bag of a famous election story which has been printed and reprinted all around the globe during the last twenty years.

When the then youthful Lord Carmarthen was contesting an election at Brixton for a seat in the House of Commons, his speech was interrupted by the interjection: "Does your mother know you're out?" "Yes; and on Tuesday she'll know I'm in."

Lady Carmarthen, now Duchess of Leeds, recently told Blathway that the story was perfectly true, "because we sent out one of the footmen with instructions to call out that very question."

Opener Objects to Poets
The heroic canon who devoted to a Daily News correspondent's message the line "The captains and the kings depart," on the ground that reference to the movements of royalty were prohibited, is apparently still engaged at the Press Bureau. A correspondent of The Manchester Guardian guarantees the accuracy of the story that an aged lady of literary tastes, who, in the course of a letter to her nephew in the States, quoted the well-known "Ring and Ring out" verses from "In Memoriam," learned with amazement that the censor had deleted "with acid" one verse—namely:

Ring out old shapes of foul disease,
Ring out the narrowing lines of gold,
Ring out the thousand wars of old,
Ring in the thousand years of peace.
—London Daily News.

Canadian Casualties

OTTAWA, May 30.—Two casualty lists issued today follow:

Infantry

(Killed in Action)

Lieut. C. H. Martin, Montreal.

Pte. J. B. Desautels, Winnipeg.

Pte. J. D. McNulty, Edmonton.

(Previously Reported Missing: Now Reported Killed in Action)

Lieut. S. P. Benson, Toronto.

Lieut. T. B. Douglas, England.

(Previously Reported Missing: Now Presumed to Have Died)

Pte. D. J. Gay, Perth, Sask.

Lieut. C. M. B. White, Brantford, Ont.

Pte. F. S. Austin, Chatham, Ont.

Pte. H. C. Eggleston, Meadowville, Ont.

Pte. H. B. Capon, England.

Pte. A. Runison, Millie, Ontario.

Pte. W. E. James, Vancouver.

Pte. D. N. Bryenton, Bryenton, N. B.

Pte. J. Stuart, Winnipeg.

Pte. L. Thibodeau, St. Gregoire, Que.

Pte. O. A. Andrew, Regina.

Pte. F. R. Brown, Durham, Ont.

Pte. A. Cathcart, Hamilton, Ont.

Pte. P. Kane, Brandon, Man.

Pte. G. H. Griffiths, Toronto.

Pte. M. O. Samwell, Fitzroy Harbor, Ont.

Pte. A. Thomas, Lethbridge, Que.

Pte. H. B. Lorrain, Montreal.

Pte. D. Gallant, Montreal.

Pte. H. O. Brown, Canidien, N. S.

Pte. L. G. Rissler, New Germany, N. S.

Lieut. F. E. Lockhart, Petitedouche, N. B.

(Died of Wounds)

Pte. G. E. Atwood, General Delivery, Dunsmuir, B. C.

Pte. E. Brickhaugh, Pacific Market, Victoria, B. C.

(Died)

Pte. D. J. Matheson, Soo, Ont.

Pte. A. Phillips, Lisle, Ont.

Pte. D. Ross, Winnipeg.

(Reported Missing)

Lieut. R. G. Mason, Ottawa.

(Dangerously Ill)

Pte. J. M. Mackie, Scotland.

Pte. C. J. Brown, Brantford, Ont.

Pte. A. Baxter, Coleman, Ont.

Pte. R. Martin, Spanish Mills, Ont.

(Wounded)

Cpl. W. Gardie, England.

Pte. E. Harding, England.

Pte. F. Whitfield, Elm Hotel, Victoria, B. C.

Pte. G. E. Teasley, Vancouver, B. C.

Lieut. Cpl. J. D. Thompson, England.

Lieut. Cpl. W. Draper, Australia.

Pte. G. H. Burns, Rosburn, Man.

Pte. S. Watters, Ireland.

Pte. O. Maxwell, Scotland.

Pte. W. C. Orr, Wroxeter, Ont.

Pte. Shortreed, Edmonton.

Pte. V. J. Matheson, Vernon, B. C.

Pte. W. McCullough, Manotick, Ont.

Pte. E. Neuman, Summerville, Ont.

Pte. W. J. Wallace, Toronto.

Pte. S. W. Spencer, England.

Pte. C. R. Lett, Eganville, Ont.

Pte. F. Bentley, Ontario, Ont.

Pte. J. Sullivan, England.

Pte. R. J. Glasford, Turnerville, Ont.

Pte. P. McKay, Trout Creek, Ont.

Pte. T. Parker, Scotland.

Pte. A. Thomson, England.

Pte. J. Wood, Simsbury, Man.

Pte. D. F. Hall, Lucy, Wash.

Pte. J. F. McLean, Pilot Mound, Man.

Pte. H. J. Calle, Regina.

Pte. W. Brown, Montreal.

Lieut. Cpl. D. Nelson, Winnipeg.

Pte. E. H. Burns, Rosburn, B. C.

Pte. J. Beasley, England.

Pte. H. J. Sanford, Macan, N. S.

Pte. A. Watts, Nanaimo, B. C.

Pte. J. B. Brown, Ladysmith, B. C.

Pte. G. M. Henderson, Oak River, Man.

Pte. F. J. Wheeler, Wayburn, Sask.

Pte. H. H. Valpy, Seattle.

Pte. J. Mullin, Ireland.

Pte. T. Jenkins, Toronto.

Lieut. W. E. Morgan, Montreal.

Lieut. H. L. Major, Whitevale, Ont.

Pte. D. Brown, Portage la Prairie, Man.

Pte. J. J. Middleton, England.

Pte. E. A. Rooney, Russell, Man.

Co. Q.M.S. A. J. Muir, Riceville, Ont.

(Died of Wounds)

Capt. C. W. Birch, 370 Beach Drive, Victoria, B. C.

(Wounded)

Bomb. L. A. Jefford, Toronto.

Gnr. H. R. Fox, Toronto.

Gnr. G. V. Hill, Halifax.

(Previously Reported Missing: Now Presumed to Have Died)

Pte. T. Chalmers, Scotland.

Pte. G. Bryan, Innisfail, Alta.

Pte. W. B. Peacock, Niagara Falls, Ont.

(Killed in Action)

Lieut. A. G. Clark, Scotland.

Pte. F. Chamberlain, England.

(Died of Wounds)

Pte. G. F. Pearson, Minnedosa, Man.

(Killed in Action)

Lieut. A. Couter, North Bay, Ont.

(Reported Missing)

Lieut. L. A. Smith, Carnduff, Sask.

AFTERNOON LIST

Infantry

(Killed in Action)

Lieut. Cpl. A. Doig, Birtle, Man.

Pte. C. Marshall, England.

Pte. I. Reely, Sudbury, Ont.

Pte. F. Hadley, England.

Pte. M. McArthur, B. C.

Pte. F. M. Robertson, Goderich, Ont.

Pte. R. McDonald, Basewood, Man.

Major I. Johnston, Calgary.

Lieut. A. W. Merchant, Winnipeg.

Lieut. Cpl. H. Frye, England.

Pte. J. Sutherland, Bradford, N. B.

Pte. F. Fellows, Port Elgin, Alta.

Lieut. C. J. Abbott, Edmonton.

Pte. E. Tannan, Winnipeg.

(Died of Wounds)

Pte. H. McNeil McConnell, Ont.

Pte. J. Swanson, Scotland.

(Ill)

Pte. A. Coulter, Toronto.

Pte. A. Norman, Port Kells, B. C.

(Missing)

Pte. H. Paquet, Tilbury.

Pte. F. Harris, England.

Pte. A. A. Lewis, Port Alberni.

Pte. A. V. Anderson, New West.

Minister.

Pte. I. A. Bond, England.

Pte. D. Mallon, Scotland.

Pte. J. Foster, New York.

Pte. A. G. Heaton, Stratford.

Pte. T. Henson, Woodstock.

Pte. T. J. Meyers, London, Ont.

Pte. N. K. McCallum, Hamilton.

Pte. N. O. Wesley, Toronto.

Pte. J. Williams, Brantford.

Pte. E. C. Williams, Brantford.

Pte. G. Woods, West Toronto.

Pte. A. Stewart, Nobel, Ont.

Pte. J. M. Macle, Dunsmuir, Ont.

P. L. Haynes, 1124 Government Street. The store for reliable watch and jewelry repairs.

(Wounded)

Pte. C. F. Goldie, Stewiacke, N. S.

Pte. W. H. Dunsford, Toronto, Ont.

Pte. W. W. John, Contr

Rockland Avenue

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Apply

Pemberton & Son

625 Fort Street

ONTARIO CROPS

Report of Department Shows That Backward Weather Has Been Generally Detrimental

TORONTO, May 30.—The weekly report on conditions throughout the Province of Ontario issued by the Department of Agriculture reveals that the cold and backward weather has delayed the growth of crops, both in field and orchard, and has been detrimental to livestock, as supplementary feeding is necessary to make up for the lack of grass.

Growth in field, forest, and orchard appears to be fully a fortnight behind. It is many years since cattle were so late in being put on pasture. Seeding, however, is practically completed, with the exception of planting coarse crops and roots, although considerable corn is already in.

Fall wheat has been somewhat revived by the rain of the week.

Veteran Official Dead

SARNIA, Ont., May 30.—Alexander O'Neill, 58 years old, for many years immigration officer at this port, died yesterday.

Comfort in the Home

The Sunshine Furnace chases chills from coldest corners and insures utmost comfort in the home throughout the winter. Don't buy any furnace or heating plant until you have investigated the merits of the "Sunshine."

McClary's

SUNSHINE FURNACE

LONDON TORONTO MONTREAL WINNIPEG VANCOUVER
ST. JOHN'S HAMILTON CALGARY
SASKATOON EDMONTON

For Sale by H. COOLEY & SON

434 Kingston Street

ENEMY NERVOUS DURING PAUSE

British From Present Positions
Can Look at Douai Over
Heaps of German Dead—
Kaiser's Recent Utterance.

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, May 30.—It is expected that the British from their present positions in Rouen, can plainly see Douai, a distance of 100 miles. The intervening ground is dotted with factory smokestacks. Then comes Douai, peaceful-looking in the sunlight.

The bells of St. Pierre church can be heard faintly in the rare lulls in the bombardment, and the factory outside the town is in full blast, as in the days before the war. In the foreground of the picture are heaps of enemy dead and the wrecked German defences, demolished by the guns of a British army seemingly bent on obliterating the scene of its defeat here.

There is no evidence of an organized Hindenburg or other line. British aviators have located every centre of defence. The artillery is giving the enemy no respite, and night raids harass him as the British reconnoitre the ground. The German wounded say the Hindenburg line is a fairy tale—"a line of fools led there blindfold"—and that the Australians are "demons vomited by Beelzebub."

Kaiser to His Troops
THE HAGUE, May 29, via London, May 30.—Rumors circulating at The Hague that the Germans are about to take an offensive on the western front appears to be based partly upon repeated references in the latest special correspondents' reports to a so-called partial offensive against the French in the Alsace sector and partly on the speech of the Kaiser at Wilhelmshaven on the 28th.

According to The Tagesspiegel, the Kaiser's speech was partly drowned by the noise of numerous aeroplanes whirling about overhead guarding against possible raids by allied aviators.

GERMAN PEOPLE IMPERIALISTIC

Former American Ambassador
Gives Warning That Empire
Is Far From Defeat—Dan-
ger to Whole World.

NEW YORK, May 30.—Dr. David Jayne Hill, former ambassador to Germany, in an address to the trustees of the American Defense Society here, yesterday, warned that Germany is far from defeat, and discounted the theory that the Hohenzollerns alone are responsible for that country's imperialistic ambitions. He asserted that the present war is a struggle of political systems.

"The people of Germany," declared Dr. Hill, "are more loyal to the Emperor than the Democratic party is to President Wilson." The President, he said, has said that we have no hostility toward the German people, but do not the German people support the Imperial German Government to a man? Didn't a wave of general rejoicing go through Germany when the Lusitania went down? How many Germans in Germany can you find who are not imperialistic? I have never found one.

"This," added Dr. Hill, "is going to be a different world if the Central Powers win the war, and it is by no means certain that they will not. Unless we conscript ourselves for this battle and lay our wealth and our lives at the altar of defence of our institutions, we will find our descendants in the vortex of world dominating schemes of autocracy."

PIPERS IN FORCE

Parade of Players From Fourteen Canadian Battalions Is Witnessed by Sir Douglas Haig

CANADIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, May 30.—(By the Canadian Overseas Correspondent)—An extraordinary instance of vitality is reported. A Canadian soldier was out on patrol when he was wounded in the side and arm by bullets and also had a leg fractured. He crawled into a shell and lay there during the daylight hours for seven days, suffering frightfully from thirst. At night he was able to crawl out to where some Germans lay dead and obtained a little water from their bottles. This was the only thing that passed his lips for seven days, yet when he was found and brought in the bullet wounds were beginning to heal.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig honored by his presence the great gathering of pipers in which the players of the Canadian Corps took part yesterday. He was greatly pleased at the smartness of the evolutions performed and the excellent music played.

Pipers had been brought in from various parts of the front to take part in the festival. Seldom, if ever, even at the greatest Highland gatherings have so many pipers and such a variety of tartans been seen. A parade of pipe bands from fourteen battalions present showed 15 pipe-majors, 145 pipers, and 166 drummers. Thousands of soldiers were on the parade ground to hear the pipers and see the Commander-in-Chief.

Sir Douglas inspected some of the war trophies.

There was a renewal of enemy artillery activity last night, chiefly against our back areas, but no infantry encounters followed. Yesterday enemy gun pits were made targets for our howitzers, and an explosion, followed by a fire, took place. The enemy guns have not been heard from since in that particular locality.

WINNIPEG, May 30.—Wonderfully cheerful, despite the terrible price he had paid while at the front, Pte. Harris Turner, of Saskatoon, arrived in this city last night totally blind. He was struck by numerous pieces of shrapnel during the Battle of Hooge on June 2, 1915.

RADICALS AWAIT ALLIES' REPLY

Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates at Petrograd Still Insistent on Peace at Any Price.

PETROGRAD, May 27, via London, May 30.—The radicals in Russia are expected that the Allies' reply to the Russian note with regard to peace without territorial annexations will be received here in a few days. The correspondent understands it will be mainly explanatory, but will contain a few concessions primarily to the direct interest of Russia. Whether it will satisfy the Minkoff party, who fully supported the nationalistic principle, and also the Socialists, whose desire is immediate peace, and whose agitation is directed to the removal of any obstacles to peace, is doubtful.

Commenting on the statements in Allied newspapers on the policy of the Allies, the Bulletin of the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates on the Russian "peace without annexation or indemnity."

"It is necessary to reply distinctly and clearly, yes or no. If yes, then there should immediately follow an offer to start peace negotiations. If no, then the Allied governments take equal responsibility on themselves with the governments of Germany and Austria-Hungary for continuing the war. No equivocal reply is acceptable. The statements of the French and British Governments in their parliaments, notwithstanding all their greetings, do not satisfy and cannot satisfy the Russian revolutionary democracy. Our ministers will see that there must be brought about a position of clearness that will not allow the question of war or peace to be sunk in the waters of diplomacy and evasion."

No comment on this statement is necessary. It shows clearly that the desire for peace is sincere, and not a slogan, was the source from which the formula "peace without annexation of indemnities" sprang.

Danger From Drink

LONDON, May 30.—"The order in Petrograd is very good, and on the front conditions are swiftly improving," says a delayed Petrograd dispatch to The Daily News. "On the railways the order is, however, the soldiers are still out of hand. Furthermore, the country committees are neither as wise nor as authoritative as those of Moscow, and in consequence are unable to prevent excesses, which nearly always follow the looting of wine and spirits stores."

"Krensky has issued a special order referring to this, but it is too late. The young freedom of Russia will be drowned in a drunken sea of arson, robbery and outrage."

GRAIN TRADE PLANS

Proposals of Winnipeg Exchange, Involving Elimination of Speculation, Approved at Ottawa

OTTAWA, May 30.—It is stated today that the representatives of the Winnipeg Grain Exchange and the Imperial Wheat Commission, who had been conferring with Sir George Foster, have been successful in their efforts to get Government support for the plan to preserve the existing structure of the grain trade in connection with the handling of the grain crop, which will be purchased largely by the Entente Governments.

The general plan to preserve the existing machinery, with the elimination of speculation, is, it is learned, has been agreed upon, but many of the details still remain to be worked out.

After the conference are concluded, Sir George Foster probably will issue a statement. The elimination of the speculative element will have a beneficial effect in keeping down the prices of foodstuffs, it is believed. The co-operation of the United States Government will be necessary in order to preserve the channels of the grain trade running through that country.

View Taken in London

MONTREAL, May 30.—According to The Gazette's correspondent in London, French-Canadians there think that the Quebec agitation in regard to conscription will soon subside without serious developments. In a letter to The New Witness, Alexandre Clement, formerly of La Presse, Montreal, now in trade in London, calls attention to utterances of General Smuts in regard to assurances to the British Government with respect to the Dutch language and other matters, and suggests that, in view of the French-Canadian treatment by the Dominion, the Dutch should have their rights formally recorded last future immigration swamp them.

Canadian Surgeon Dies

LONDON, Ont., May 30.—Dr. D. M. Chalmers, who formerly practiced at Oil Springs, Ont., is reported to have died while on active service.

PERFECT HEALTH IS EVERY WOMAN'S BIRTHRIGHT.

A Prescription That From Girlhood to Old Age Has Been a Blessing to Womanhood.

When a girl becomes a woman, when a woman becomes a mother, when a woman passes through menopause, the three periods of life when health and strength are most needed to withstand the pain and distress often caused by organic disorders.

At these critical times women are best fortified by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, an old remedy of proved worth that keeps the entire womanly system in perfect condition.

Mother, if your daughters are weak, lack ambition, are troubled with headache, nervousness, and are pale and sickly, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is what they need to carry them through the bloom of health to their cheeks and make them strong and healthy.

For all ailing women Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is just the right medicine. During the last fifty years it has been the best remedy for the thousands of women who suffer from weakness, nervousness, and all the ills that come from a disordered system. It makes weak women strong, sick women well.

If you are a mother, if your daughter, mother, sister, needs help, get Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription in liquid or tablet form from any medicine dealer to-day. Then address Dr. Pierce, Medical Department, Buffalo, N. Y., and get confidential medical advice entirely free.

Every woman should be careful that the liver is active and the poisons are not allowed to clog the system—and get rid of them by taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is a blood purifier, a tonic, and a general health-giver. It keeps the body clean inside as well as outside.

How to preserve health and beauty is told in Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Advice, by taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, Buffalo, N. Y., fifty cents a bottle, to cover wrapping and mailing only.

MONTREAL ANTIS GROW CALMER

Only One Meeting Held on Tuesday Night—Attendance Comparatively Small and Crowd Indifferent.

MONTREAL, May 30.—There was only one anti-conscription meeting of any magnitude in the vicinity of Montreal last night, and this, held in front of the Maisonneuve Market Hall, drew only about 1,500 people, who displayed for the most part considerable indifference to eloquent but haphazard speeches. There was a short parade afterwards, a number of the audience lining up with flutes and mouth organs and marching a few blocks until their numbers dwindled to a very few.

Leo Doyon, a newspaperman, was again the principal speaker, but was brief, taking comfort from the delay in presenting the conscription bill at Ottawa. He declared the country was opposed to it, and hoped the Government would finally withdraw it.

Mr. Doyon referred to the protests against conscription from points as far off as Vancouver, as not from demagogues, but from intelligent men, leaders of public opinion. Mr. Doyon obtained a big cheer for Henri Bourassa when he said that the latter was the man who "had prophesied the evil that had fallen."

The anti-conscription petition which report had mentioned as being circulated in Toronto has been run down there. Mr. P. W. Falvey, of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, according to a Toronto dispatch, announced that he had signed a message to be forwarded to Sir Wilfrid Laurier which read as follows:

"In any steps deemed necessary to the successful prosecution of the war, and including a new departure by the adoption of compulsory measures of enlistment, the people alone have the right to decide. No government or party has the right to enforce conscription without the mandate of the country."

Mr. Falvey said there was about 1,000 names appended to the message. "It has been signed by Protestants and Catholics, Jews and Gentiles, and even returned soldiers," he said.

PARTY WARFARE SHOULD CEASE

Sentiment Among Members at Ottawa As Reported by Correspondent—Recent Consultation of Leaders.

MONTREAL, May 30.—The Gazette's correspondent at Ottawa reports that it is the belief of most of the members of both parties that the hour's conference between Sir Robert Borden and Sir Wilfrid Laurier yesterday afternoon in the rooms of the leader of the Opposition had to do with the proposed reorganization of the Government.

"Among the rank and file of both parties," the correspondent wires, "the opinion is gaining ground that the time has arrived when party warfare must cease. There is before the Government of Canada the trying period of the closing of the war, and what will require even greater statesmanship, the few years following that time. It is believed here that if party warfare continues, the present bitterness it cannot be confined to the House of Commons, and must result in a national contest for supremacy between the two parties."

"It is certain that there will be at once a reorganization of the Government. It was thought until the conference that only one man knew what this would take place, and what new men would be brought into the councils of the Government. But the conference is taken here to indicate that the Prime Minister has conveyed to Sir Wilfrid his intentions, and some go so far as to say, to ask his co-operation. A cabinet reorganization will make an election probable, and will give to the conscription measure support that will make opposition to it purely factional."

"All the present ministers deny that they have been asked for their resignations. Yet none of them will deny that the Prime Minister is engaged in reorganization. Sentiment here is that Sir Robert Borden, in his new position to the Liberal wing in his new Government, will not select all that representation from the members in Parliament. He will probably seek to bring into his Government prominent Liberals, who are at present in opposition, and who have national reputations."

AUSTRALIAN WHEAT

Surplus of Six Million Tons Available for Export Will Help Food Situation—British Crops Short

LONDON, May 30.—Pessimism regarding the food outlook for the Allies was relieved somewhat by the announcement that the Australian wheat crop will meet the home demand and permit of the export of 6,000,000 tons.

News of the bad crop outlook in the United States was followed recently by the admission of the food authorities here that the British crop, in spite of efforts to increase it, would be less than 1916's, which was less than in 1915. This is the result partly of lack of labor, partly of the hard winter and of the late, cold spring.

England opened the week realizing that a food crisis was approaching, and admonished by the highest authorities to eat less and not to grumble if forced to pay more. Last week witnessed an all-round increase in prices, and the present week will see further general advances.

Sheep brought as high as \$28 each last week, four times as high as in normal times, and the price is still rising. Potatoes reached \$7 a bushel, but such a quantity as a bushel cannot be obtained, and the price is much higher by the pound. Public indignation against food speculators is rising to a high pitch.

Death of J. F. Pender

ST. JOHN, N. B., May 30.—J. F. Pender, president of the Pender Nali Works, died this morning.

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Cotton Crepe Kimonos at \$1.75 to \$3.75

Featuring today a large and varied range of Plain and Floral Cotton Crepe Kimonos in the popular Empire and loose styles, at prices that are exceedingly low for such splendid garments.

American Lady Corsets, Special at\$1.75

Second Recital

THE Free Recitals given last Friday afternoon and evening proved to be such a success, and were so much appreciated by the large audience in attendance, that it has been decided, after numerous requests, to continue these

Victrola Recitals

once a week, for an indefinite time, the next occasion being

Tomorrow

Friday, June 1st. In the afternoon from 3 to 5 p.m., and in the evening from 7 to 9 p.m. There will be a complete change of programme, but any number in the catalogue will be played with pleasure upon request.

Gideon Hicks Piano Company

Sheet Music, Victrolas, Victor Records, Sole Agent
Heintzman & Co. Pianos

WIN-THE-WAR CONVENTION

London Alderman Who Attended Charges That There Was Bureaucratic Manipulation

LONDON, Ont., May 30.—Bureaucratic influence in the win-the-war convention is charged by Alderman H. H. Asplund, who has returned from the sessions at Montreal. While assenting to the view that the latent possibilities were of great national importance, he did not consider much sagacity was manifested.

"Political wisdom fell down," Alderman Asplund says, "under the manipulations of the tricksters on the last day of the convention. The only resolutions submitted for discussion were four in number, prepared in bureaucratic session of an executive committee elected by the Lord knows who—I do not myself know, and no one of whom I inquired could inform me. As soon as these four resolutions of bureaucratic birth were safely cradled, there was an

all too manifest desire and a clumsily managed effort to close the convention with no strong expression, if any, from the floor of the convention."

U. S. Navy Dismails

WASHINGTON, May 30.—The first dirmails being built for the navy of the United States, much after the pattern of the British "bimms," made an entirely successful flight yesterday from Chicago to Akron, Ohio, leaving Chicago at noon, it landed without mishap at Akron, about five o'clock in the afternoon, making an air-line distance of about 500 miles.

Good Crops in California

SAN FRANCISCO, May 30.—Estimates by commission houses here today placed the probable size of California's barley crop this season at more than 500,000 tons, as compared with 500,000 tons last year. A record-breaking wheat crop of 450,000 tons also is expected owing to the favorable weather the last three months.

Corns Stop Hurting, Then They Lift Out With Fingers

No pain or soreness! Corns and calluses just shrivel up and lift off. It's foolish to let a corn ache twice.

A noted Cincinnati authority discovered a new ether compound and called it frezone and it now can be had in little bottles for a few cents from any drug store.

You simply apply a few drops of frezone upon a tender corn or painful callus and instantly the soreness disappears, then shortly you will find the corn or callus so loose that you can just lift it off with the fingers.

No pain, not a bit of soreness, either when applying frezone or afterwards

and it doesn't even irritate the skin.

Hard corns, soft corns or corns between the toes, also toughened calluses just shrivel up and lift off so easy. It is wonderful! It works like a charm. Try it!

Women should keep frezone on their dressers and never let a corn ache twice. If a corn starts hurting just apply a drop. The pain stops instantly. Genuine frezone is only sold in little bottles packed in a round, wood case.

The Daily Colonist.

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J. S. H. MATSON

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ANNOUNCEMENT

Notice of ratification, political, religious, social, and other matters, will be published in the Colonist at a special charge of 50 cents per line, or 10 cents per word per insertion. Reading matter under heading "Announcement" on news pages at three cents per word per insertion.

Thursday, May 31, 1917

AN ANNIVERSARY

Today is the first anniversary of the Battle of Jutland, an engagement which history will probably record as one of the decisive events of the war. It was the first and only time, so far, that the German High Seas Fleet in all its strength emerged from behind the shelter of its mine fields and came to grips with Britain. After an engagement with Admiral Beatty's battle cruiser squadron, which, owing to its numerical inferiority in ships, was hopelessly out-gunned, the main vessels of the Grand Fleet came into action and immediately the Germans, taking advantage of the gathering darkness, retreated to their fortified bases. The losses on the side of the enemy have never been definitely established but they were known to be at least as severe as those of the British. On the British side the heaviest casualties were in the battle cruiser squadron which bore the brunt of the fighting against heavy odds until Admiral Jellicoe's ships came within range.

The battle was decisive, for it has meant that the Germans, except with their submarines, have been prevented from attempting any naval action of importance since that date. It meant that the German Admiralty realized that hope of striking at Britain's naval power with any possibility of ultimate success must be abandoned. It was the precursor to a change in Germany's policy at sea and undoubtedly led up to the period of unrestricted submarine warfare that is now being waged against merchant ships. The lesson of the battle can be read in the history of the last year of the war. It definitely marked the turning of the tide in favor of the Allies, and put an end, as far as this struggle is concerned, to any hope Germany may have entertained of domination on the sea. Incidentally, it meant that the enemy had to abandon all plans for invading England.

On this anniversary it is timely to pay a tribute to Britain's Sea Power, which has been the decisive factor in the war. It is all in all to the Empire when she is confronted by enemies, and is the sheet anchor of civilization. Without the British Navy Germany would dominate the world today. No power on earth could have stayed her progress. Under the aegis of the Royal Navy 10,000,000 men have been transported to and from different parts of the warring world and Britain's ability to keep the lines of communication open on the high seas has meant that liberty shall not perish from the earth. We are too prone to forget the tremendous sacrifices, the indifference to danger, and the unexampled courage of the men who guard our coasts from the enemy and insure that our armies can go to the assistance of those who are menaced by the German peril. Their task has been rendered doubly difficult by the use of the submarine, but they have met this new enemy with that splendid heroism that has made them unconquerable. Today's anniversary is a small reminder that still, as in the past, all we have and are depends on the invincibility of the ships under the White Ensign.

NO POSTPONEMENT

We do not believe Ottawa dispatches which say that the Government will postpone its conscription proposals because of the opposition that has developed. In fact, there is hardly a doubt that such have been circulated for political purposes. The alternative suggested is organization of a voluntary system of recruiting. Any new proposals along voluntary lines are foredoomed to failure. They cannot meet the situation that has developed. Another Vimy Ridge and there will be several before this war is over and it will be impossible to keep Canada's four divisions in the field. Without conscription we shall see our army in France dwindle away until it finally has to be withdrawn from the front, incapable any longer of playing its role in battle. We can conceive of no greater humiliation being inflicted on the country, and yet it must happen unless conscription is enforced.

No doubt exists that Sir Robert Borden is going to bring in the Military Service Bill and pilot it through Parliament. The reconstruction of his Government will be in the form of the creation of a National Administration which we believe will command confidence throughout the country. There are certain elements in the nation which show a tendency to overestimate the depth of the current of opinion against compulsory service. Outside Quebec those who are opposing the provision of manpower are the very same people who opposed National Service when it was introduced. The majority of them

would, under any and all circumstances, be destructionists to proposals for greater effort in the war. Some of them, no doubt, are conscientious in their beliefs, but many of the others are pacifists, slackers, and men who have no stake in the country, and who in reality belong to a class who would not fight under any provocation. They are the camp followers of the army of civilization, who "relax its discipline and dishonor its flag." Their opinions, no matter how loudly voiced, are of small importance when it comes to a question of whether or not Canada should support the 500,000 soldiers she has sent forth to do battle for human liberty. To do this, and to do her full duty, her utmost strength must be brought to bear in the war. If she is willing only to be a half-partner in the sacrifice then she must expect not to be a full partner in the victory that is certain. And if she halts in her effort now the memory of the thousands who have died in her name will be a national reproach through the ages and an ineradicable blot on her history.

We are utterly at a loss to see how there can be any truth in the report that, influenced, no matter how placed, can interfere with the coming into force of compulsory service, which is the one and only way whereby Canada can supply the men who will soon be urgently needed for her army in the field.

THE STOCKHOLM CONVENTION

The programme of the Stockholm Socialist Convention has been published. There are few of the articles of faith worth more than passing notice, except as indicating the state of feeling that will exist at the convention. It will advocate peace without annexation, or indemnities. It also wants restoration of freedom of commerce on land and sea. This latter can only mean that the convention will go on record that the war should end immediately, and that is quite possible, as it has been called together for the sole purpose of bringing about peace.

European Socialists are meeting at Stockholm by permission of the German Government. Of the Allied Governments, so far as is known, Russia alone will be represented. France may have some delegates there, but up to date they have not arrived. At the Swedish capital, Russian Socialists have been permitted to pass to and fro across Germany and through the German lines, a privilege which could only have been granted by the Imperial German Government. It is of importance to realize this in discussing the resolutions that will be submitted at the Stockholm Convention.

Those who are meeting at Stockholm are in favor of peace without victory. The tenor of the resolutions to be submitted all tend towards the same end—to save Germany from defeat. But they go even further than this, for one is devoted, in veiled fashion, against Britain's sovereignty of the seas, although no specific mention is made of this Empire. In effect the meaning of the Socialist platform is that Belgium should receive no reparation for the wrongs she has suffered, no indemnity to rebuild her shattered homes, no guarantee that her manhood and womanhood will be immune in the future from savage and unwarranted attacks. There is not a word in one of the resolutions about Prussian Militarism, which, with a peace without annexations, indemnities and victory will be left in a stronger position than ever before. There is not a word in the Stockholm platform about disarmament, the whole of which might have been readily drawn up by the Wilhelmstrasse.

The convention and its doings are only worthy of mention as evidence of Germany's manipulation to escape the penalties of her innumerable crimes. Its findings can carry no weight with France or Britain or the United States, whose main purpose in this war is to destroy Prussian Militarism and lift the shadow of the sword from civilization. In the face of the serried lines of bayonets which stud the earth of Europe and amid the thunder of her myriad guns, with the seas sown with mines and a wild host praying indiscriminately on innocent lives, the Stockholm Convention and the rantings of pacifists recall the analogy of Nero fiddling while Rome burned. The men who ask for peace without victory are sowing the dragons' teeth of future wars. They speak with an utter disregard for human nature, and fail to realize that honor and justice still exist on earth.

The Victoria City Council, Board of Trade, Rotary Club, and all other public organizations, should go on record on the question of conscription. There is danger of a mistaken estimate of public opinion getting abroad because of the demonstrations of French-Canadians and Socialists. The rest of Canada should be heard from, and it should speak with no uncertain voice.

An American psychologist traces the growth of a new mental attitude in Germany, and he thinks the contagion of the Russian Revolution may soon play a highly important psychological part there. Men have been speculating along these lines since the war began, but unfortunately the German still remains a German and all that the same implies.

Dr. David Jayne Hill, a former American ambassador to Germany, speaking at New York, said that the German people are supporting the Imperial German Government to a man. "Unless," he said, "we conscript ourselves for this battle and lay our wealth and our lives at the altar of the defence of our institutions, we will find our descendants in the vortex of world-dominating schemes of autocracy." Dr. Hill only says what is plainly evident to all who can discern the portend of this war.

LETTERS TO EDITOR

No letters in the Editor will be inserted unless they are the signed opinion of the writer. This rule admits of no exceptions.

Young Ladies' Duty

Sir,—There is a great temptation to judge and condemn those who have not responded to the call for men to serve the Empire, and to condemn all who are of military age, without regard to the circumstances of the different cases. I take it, it will be appointed under the Conscription Act which will consider appeals that may be made for exemption, and this will enable many men to square themselves not only for their own conscience sake, but will satisfy those who have claims on them.

If this is done there is absolutely no reason why many of the young men who are of military age and who can pass any of the standards set by the different military units should not immediately do so. There are many young men in British Columbia as well as Quebec, and the Government, both Dominion and Provincial, should see that no single man should remain in his service one hour, whether the law compels him into force or not. The young ladies of British Columbia have as much power in their hands as the mothers of the young men, and if the former would let their displeasure be known to their young men friends who would straggle around the streets in multi-tan in uniform, then they would be rendering to Canada and the Empire a great service.

The women and mothers of British Columbia have done nobly. The cheerfulness with which they have made the sacrifices in sending their sons to the front, in encouraging their boys to offer their lives for their country, compels and quickens our admiration. Yet to those who have no excuse, we have no other feeling than disgust. What must Australians, New Zealanders and even Americans feel, when they read of the efforts of the slackers to refuse to support those who are fighting their fight at the front and to accept their share of the burden of defending Canada from the attacks of the Hun, who, if victorious, would treat our mothers and sisters as they would have treated those in Belgium and France?

Conscription has only been made possible through the apathy and brutal indifference of our young men. Whilst thousands of married men have left their wives and children to go to the front and lie in soldiers' graves, the young ladies of Victoria can do a great deal, and I have left out a lot of what is in the Daily Mail, which will illustrate the sacrifices that are being made in the Old Land as well as Canada by the mothers of the Empire.

W. H. PRICE.

2531 Pleasant Street, Victoria, B. C., May 29, 1917.

The cutting referred to in the above is as follows:

Saying that this seemed the hardest case of all they thought the hardest case of all the Middlesex Appeal Tribunal dismissed the appeal of the military against the six months' exemption granted at Willemsen to a youth named Shallis, of Ranleigh Road, Wexham, who was in the Royal Defence Corps; the mother was a cripple; four sons had been killed in the war; this one was working on munitions.

Alderman Philip, chairman of the body of the court: "We felt it an act of justice that this lad should be left to his mother. She has received a letter from the King thanking her for the service. Shallis showed the King's message to a representative of The Daily Mail. Since it was written she has lost the fourth son in the war. The Keeper of the records brought to the King's notice that three of your four sons serving with His Majesty's forces have lost their lives during the present war, and I am commanded to express to you King's sympathy and regret at the loss you have sustained and at the same time to assure you that His Majesty regards with special satisfaction the spirit of self-sacrifice and devotion to duty which prompted so many of your family to give their lives for their country and country."

The eldest son, George, aged 25, was lost in the armed merchantman Vinkor in January, 1915, leaving a wife and two little children. The second son, who was killed in May, 1915, at the Dardanelles while tending a wounded comrade during an engagement. Two days later a third son, Harry, aged 19, was killed in France. A fourth, Leo, who was an old soldier, closed his business on the outbreak of war and joined up with the Royal Defence Corps.

Socialism Defeated

Sir,—A story is told of a sailor being put at anchor in a certain star. A short time afterward the captain found that the vessel was going entirely out of her course, and approaching the shore, he angrily demanded to know where was the star. He was told to "pass that star long ago."

The attitude of The Colonist towards the Socialist movement very forcibly brings that story to mind. The Ethic of Socialism and the Ethic of Christianity are identical. The one is a certain star to steer towards, where is the star now? Oh! we passed that star long ago.

I am not a member of any Socialist party, nor do I hold any brief for their defence, but I do hold a brief for play and no misrepresentation of motives and no misstatement of facts.

You say the Russian Socialists are working for a dishonorable peace—on what authority do you say that? When a nation rises in rebellion against a Government, which for centuries has been a form of oppression, and when they overthrow that Government, and out of the chaos which inevitably follows, endeavor to form a new system, by what code of honor do you consider them obligated to abide by the agreements made by the powers they have overthrown? You blame the Socialists for all the trouble in Russia, when the true facts are that they are the very ones who are trying to bring order and justice out of the complete breakdown of the old system.

You condemn the Socialists for trouble, here, there, and everywhere, when the fact is really really upon a commercial system which they have continually pointed out was wrong, and have persistently endeavored to remedy. If Socialism is wrong, how do you account for it that most of the means brought in by Lloyd George since the beginning of the war are Socialistic? How do you account for the fact that President Wilson has carried

through more Socialistic laws than any previous President of the United States? How do you account for it that Viviani, who is a great Socialist, has written into the French law many statutes that are Socialistic? If you eliminate all that is Socialistic from the progress of the last ten years, you will find very little left that is worth keeping.

In the recent fight for Prohibition (one of the greatest of war measures) many of us who consider ourselves Socialists threw ourselves, heart and soul. What stand did the daily press take in that question? Not one of Victoria's papers dared to come out and stand openly for what they must have known was right. The sneers and insinuations that are thrown at us by those who object to conscription, come with a very poor grace, from a press that is either too blind, or too cowardly to defend Prohibition as a war measure.

You say we are friends of the German—of course we are. So is Lloyd George; so is Balfour; so is President Wilson. Our friends of German Prussianism? Certainly not! No one ought to know better than The Colonist, that the Socialist at heart, is opposed most absolutely to all militarism; and Prussianism being militarism's highest expression, is Socialism's most implacable foe.

The insinuation that the Socialist is a traitor to his country is uncalled for and most cruel. I could name you three Socialists here in Victoria, each of whom has given his boy to the Empire. One lies buried, "somewhere in France." One (my own) came home last Monday, after being eleven months in hospital, suffering from shell shock. The other still at the front. Each of us are doing all we can to help our country; each one, I believe is just as good a citizen as the editor of The Colonist, and in his own sphere probably just as good a citizen as the editor of The Colonist. We differ in opinion on some subjects, you speak of us as men who keep the community from advancing, and now insinuate that we are traitors.

You believe, and we believe, that after this war a new order of things will have to be built up. Every day we are seeing how the old order is breaking down. What form do you think that new order will take? What form can it possibly take but Socialism? The evidences of the absolute breakdown of competitive commercialism are on every hand; and what can possibly take its place, but co-operation? There is no other alternative. And sectional co-operation would be worse than useless—would, in fact be just intensified competition. Nothing short of national co-operation will fill the bill, and national co-operation, no matter what you choose to call it, is Socialism.

W. E. PEIRCE.

Lake Hill, B. C., May 29, 1917.

Delinquent Taxes

Sir,—In your issue of Sunday last I read a proposal to deprive all citizens of Victoria, who are delinquent in the payment of their taxes, of the right to vote. This is a most important question, and deserves the closest consideration in order that no injustice may be committed.

It is not a question that can be settled at once, as there are many considerations that enter largely into it. But there is one view of it which is right, and one which is wrong. The view of most people, and which I especially wish to bring to the notice of the public.

There are doubtless among these delinquents two classes, viz., those who through no fault of their own are unable to meet their liability, and those who can and will not. One treatment is scarcely suitable for these two classes.

The former are to be pitied, and are deserving of assistance in some manner, while no method is too hard to compel the latter to pay their just debts. To accomplish this I would suggest, if I may, that an enquiry be appointed to enquire into every case, and, after a thorough and impartial investigation, make a report to a committee of those who are in these two categories.

Doubtless many of those who unfortunately find themselves placed in the former class, have invested all they possess in making a home for themselves which now appears to be jeopardized. These people are the backbone of a town, and every effort should be made to relieve them in their trouble.

This may be called, as hinted above, an appeal of mercy, and so it is, but it is the less worthy of consideration on that account under the present abnormal conditions which call for a somewhat different course of treatment from that which would be employed in ordinary times.

R. DIMPAULT.

Hotel Strathcona, Victoria, B. C., May 28, 1917.

Vancouver Island

NANAIMO

Just before Mr. Justice Morrison in the Supreme Court at Nanaimo concluded the hearing of evidence on the application to have the last will of Mrs. Catharine Crowe set aside, Mr. E. Dudley, a neighbor of the Crowe family for several years, informed the court that he had seen Mrs. Crowe drunk on several occasions and more than once helped to carry her packing goods to the Mount View and packing her back to her home. He had also seen Mrs. Crowe trying to sell food. Mr. Dudley stated also Mrs. Crowe was at times not responsible for her actions and mentioned one instance in which the deceased had come to his house to use the telephone, but did not know what she wanted and witness told her to hang up the telephone. Mrs. Crowe's will bequeathed her belongings to Mrs. Cecilia Robinson, Mr. Frank Porteous told the court that he had seen Mrs. Crowe at the Mount View Hotel and had drinks with her and Mrs. McFarlane, sometimes in the bar and sometimes in the parlor and at other times in the kitchen. On one occasion he heard Mrs. McFarlane say to Mrs. Crowe, "You had better get down to the bank again." He had had a conversation with Mr. Shaw in reference to the Mount View during which Mr. Shaw had advised him to stay away from the Mount View, and stated he was afraid to go in there. Mrs. Crowe was on one of his big apes Mrs. McFarlane would get him to sign over his property to her. In reply to Mr. Porteous, who was cross-examining, witness stated he had quit drinking in the latter part of 1911. He stated it did not surprise him when he heard that Mrs. Crowe had killed her property to Mrs. McFarlane, for he had the opinion all along that Mrs. McFarlane was keeping on the right side of Mrs. Crowe in order to get what she had. Mrs. McFarlane had said on different occasions in Mrs. Crowe's presence, "Gosh, my goodness, to do the right thing with me." (Witness) could see what was coming, that Mrs. McFarlane was working Mrs. Crowe to get her property. Mr. Wm. Sutherland, a neighbor of the Crowes for 20 years, gave evidence as to the witness's statements. The next witness was Mr. Walter Buss, who was called by Mr. Porteous on behalf of Mrs. McFarlane. Witness stated she had been a neighbor of Mrs. McFarlane for seven years and had been visited on many occasions by Mrs. Crowe. On one occasion Mrs. Crowe had told her she had just come from acting as godmother at the christening of Mrs. McFarlane's adopted daughter Lily. Mrs. Crowe told witness she was going to leave what she had to Mrs. McFarlane for the benefit of Lily, and witness said she had heard Mrs. Crowe say she would leave her property to her husband, Mrs. Crowe said she would not leave Mrs. Crowe a hair of her head. Mrs. C. McKensie, formerly Mrs. Colin McDonald, and mother of the previous witness, informed the court of the friendly relations which existed between Mrs. Crowe and Mrs. McFarlane and how well Mrs. McFarlane had treated Mrs. Crowe. Witness was aware that Mr. and Mrs. Crowe did not get along well together, and was also aware that Mrs. Crowe drove a car. Mrs. Crowe testified that in July, 1916, she had, at the request of Mr. and Mrs. Crowe, drawn a joint will by which each bequeathed to the other any and all property they were jointly and separately possessed of. He had kept these wills in his vault. Mr. Robert McFarlane, adopted son of Mr. and Mrs. Crowe, stated that even when he was very young, Mrs. Crowe drank very heavily. Later, while they were living at Departure Bay, the same thing continued. In 1906 witness had left for the Boer war and on his return in 1908 found his wife nearly comatose. Mrs. Crowe was then in the habit of taking canned goods and so on to the Mount View and selling them for liquor. In fact, things got so bad that witness finally refused to have any connection with Mrs. Crowe. Witness had often warned Mrs. Crowe that if she were not careful she would one day die suddenly. Finally he had been forced to order Mrs. Crowe out of his house. Of later years he had never seen Mrs. Crowe sober, and she had become very feeble. At all times she had been a most illiterate woman, and in his opinion was never a good business woman. In May of 1912, witness was in Nanaimo on a business trip. Mrs. Crowe was rapidly getting worse, and her memory had become greatly impaired. As far as witness knew, Mrs. Crowe had never done any business with Mr. Jno. Shaw previously, and he was surprised when he received a letter in France telling him that Mrs. Crowe was an executor of Mrs. Crowe's will. Dr. W. F. Drysdale testified that he had known Mrs. Crowe for about twenty-three years prior to her death. When he first knew her she went out nursing, and though he knew she drank, he found her fairly reliable until about 1906. In 1905 she became incapacitated on two occasions from drink, and he had never again recommended her to any case. He had, however, found her on other occasions, which he did not recall, and he seemed to be able to recognize him. In April and May, 1912, he had occasion to pass the Crowe house quite frequently. He once saw Mrs. Crowe in April of that year on the street near her house, and she seemed completely dazed and failed to recognize him. In reply to Mr. Bird

Dr. Drysdale said that he had had little to do with Mrs. Crowe, either professionally or otherwise. He did not think Mrs. Crowe's dated appearance was due to short-sightedness, but rather to mental incapacity. David Stephenson, retired Chief of Provincial Police, said he had known Mrs. Crowe for upwards of thirty years and had always known her to be a very heavy drinker, so much so that he had frequently had to remove her from the streets. He had, in his professional capacity, warned Mrs. Robinson, the proprietress of the Mount View Hotel, that she must never supply Mrs. Crowe with liquor, as she was an habitual drunkard. He had frequently been obliged to send Mrs. Crowe home from the streets in a drunken condition, and had even been obliged frequently to look her up. Mrs. Crowe could not recognize him until he told her who he was. Answering Mr. Porteous, witness said that for the last eight years he had never seen Mrs. Crowe on the street. Mrs. Crowe had been very heavy sober. She had been very heavy sober for the past fifteen years, and thought she would drink anything she could get. The Mount View was always run, as far as he was aware, in a most respectable manner. Apparently there were occasions when Mrs. Crowe was wandering along the streets without knowing where she was going. He had never seen her in the Mount View Hotel. Replying to Mr. Ross, witness said that there had been complaints made to him by Mrs. Crowe about his wife's drunken habits. He had generally met Mrs. Crowe coming away from her home, which would, of course, be also from the direction of the Mount View Hotel, though he could not say that she was coming from the hotel. Mr. William John Crowe, the defendant, stated he had been married to his deceased wife forty-two years. He identified the joint will produced by the property of Mrs. Crowe, and stated that it had been acquired by his own work, and he himself had paid for it. His wife was an habitual drunkard. Mrs. Robinson took over the Mount View Hotel some years prior to 1912. On one particular morning he found his wife sitting in the bar parlor of the hotel with Mrs. Robinson, and he took her home. He had to go to the Mount View Hotel on hundreds of occasions to fetch his wife home, and she had frequently been more than once visited by him, and he had finally been obliged to order her out. He had often found liquor in his house, sometimes hidden in various places, sometimes openly around. He had always trusted his wife in money matters and had given her his full cheque each month as he received it from the gas works until he found that she had run up a bill of over \$100 at the Victoria Gas Works. Then he came matters in hand himself and bought his own stove. His wife did not seem to throw off any of her drinking habits, and in 1912 she was as bad as worse than ever. In 1911 he had made a trip to Ireland, returning in March, 1912, and was here in Nanaimo in May of that year. His wife was then in her usual drunken condition. He had never heard anything of this wife until after his wife was buried.

Mrs. Hamilton, who has been visiting the Mrs. William Marshall, of Priddy Street, has returned home to Vancouver.

Mrs. Joseph Handley, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Anderson, at Victoria, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. Lowther, of Nicol Street, are entertaining their daughter, Mrs. Beattie, of Vancouver.

Mrs. Len Volkovitch, of Nanaimo, is visiting in Vancouver.

G. A. Duncan, of Sandwick, has been wounded in action.

Miss Gladys Moore, of Kennedy Street, celebrated the eleventh anniversary of her birthday on Tuesday, by giving a party to a number of her young friends.

Sapper John Townsend, who left Nanaimo with the No. 4 Tunnelling Company, is on his way home suffering from rheumatism and shell shock. He reached Halifax on May 22.

Mrs. William Lobley, of Vancouver, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Harry Farmer, of Milfin Street, Nanaimo, has returned home.

Alderman J. W. Coburn, who has been in Vancouver has returned home.

Mrs. Buckley, who has been visiting Mrs. William Wells, of Irwin Street, Nanaimo, has returned to her home in Vancouver, taking with her Miss Nora Wells for a short holiday.

The Nanaimo basketball team will

play Lady Smith High School at Lady Smith, Saturday night.

Pts. Frederick Flading, who went overseas with the 57th Battalion, West's are Boots, and was gassed at the Somme, will arrive in Nanaimo tomorrow morning. His wife is living at Chase River.

Mrs. Archie Cunningham, who had been the guest of Mrs. J. W. Smith, of Albert Street, has returned to her home in Vancouver.

Northfield Hall at 10:30 o'clock Sunday morning to make arrangements for the Dominion Day celebration.

COURTNEY

Mr. Alex Urquhart has started work on the foundation for two new stores on the site of the McKean block. One will be occupied by the Co-operative Society, the other by the R. H. and the other by Richardson's men's furnishings. An artificial ice plant is also being built which will supply the shop and possibly supply the public.

Twelve or thirteen ratpans, and a few other classes of Courtenay, turned out on Monday evening to hear the council's explanation as to why the electric light by-law should be supported. The general feeling of the gathering seemed to be decidedly against purchasing the system at the present time, particularly when it was pointed out that the contract price of electric energy was 2,000 hours, and that the contract had forty years to run.

A large number of Courtenay citizens took in the Victoria Day sports at Cumberland. A good programme of events was contested. An unfortunate accident occurred in the second half of the football match, by which one of the Lady-Smith players had his leg broken. The parade of school children was highly picturesque and appropriate.

A number of Courtenayites attended the "Holy City," given in the Methodist Church, Cumberland, on Monday evening.

The wooden creaking in front of the Courtenay Hotel, which is in a dangerous condition, will be repaired at once.

On Tuesday evening a miscellaneous "show" was held at the home of Mrs. J. W. McKensie, wife of the mayor, in honor of Miss Alice Beaton, on the eve of her marriage to Mr. Robert McCullagh. Many useful articles were presented to the bride-elect. The wedding took place at 10:30 o'clock in the Presbyterian Church, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. Thomas Menzies, Lieut. and Mrs. McCullagh are spending their honeymoon in Victoria and Portland.

CUMBERLAND

"Cumberland is on the advance and moving forward," says The Islander. The mines are working steadily. Freight arriving this city has been doubled during the past six months. There has been no less than twelve planes shipped into Cumberland in the past three weeks, with close on a dozen new automobiles in the same period. During the past week there has been no less than ten cars of freight standing on the interchange of track of the Wellington Colliery Railway and the C. & N. Railway at Raynor, consigned to Union Bay and Cumberland. This is, in addition to freight received for Cumberland and Union Bay by steamer from Vancouver.

Mrs. William Duncan returned home on Saturday evening from Victoria.

IN LIGHTER VEIN

Mar Borrow

President Howard Elliott, of the New Haven lines, pleading at a dinner in New York for fairer public opinion toward the railways, said:

"Public opinion about the railways makes me think of the farm girl."

"A young farm girl asked to have Saturday off in order to go and see a man hanged. Permission was given her, and she set out before daybreak, having twenty miles to walk."

"When she returned that evening she was in tears."

"Why, Milly, what's the matter?"

"Oh, dear! The man's been reprieved!"

Wall Street Journal.

The Kidnaps Was Reached

A New York husband who provided for his three sets of twins was charged with not paying his wife the \$3 a week he had been ordered to remit to her.

"Why," asked the court, "do you fail to pay \$3, as directed?"

"Because," said the defendant, "when I think of her troubles I have to laugh. She wanted me, and she got it; she wanted a home, and she got it; she wanted fights, and she won them all; she wanted her liberty, and she got it; and she wanted the three sets of twins, and I've got them. Take it from me, your honor, a man with three sets of twins and no home regards \$3 a week as a bankroll."

And the Court thought likewise.

If We Announced

that Anna Case, Marie Rappold, Alice Verlet Zenatello or any one of the many great operatic stars of the day would appear in person at our store and sing in concert, we would not be able to accommodate all who would desire to hear them.

These great artists and hundreds of others DO sing at our store every day, and while their living personality is not visible, yet their voices are re-created with such marvellous fidelity, that people often make the remark:

"Where is the lady (or gentleman) singing?"

Call at any time and ask to hear your favorite selection, and you will become Edisonized.

We take a special delight in demonstrating the New Edison, because we know from years of thorough experience with all makes of sound-producing instruments that no other can compare with the Edison.

KENT'S EDISON STORE

The Store of Superior Service

1004 Government Street

Phone 3449

CHILDREN NEED NOT GO BAREFOOTED

When Shoes Are So Cheap at

Maynard's Shoe Store

A large stock of Tennis Shoes in stock.

Phone 1232

649 Yates Street

Just Arrived—a New Shipment of

Canada's Best Flour

49 Pound Sack \$3.00

"Canada's Best" Flour is milled by Ogilvie's, the most famous millers in Canada
SOLD ONLY BY ROSS

Street's Grapefruit Juice, something new, per bottle	50c
B. & K. Wheatflakes, Large cartons	30c
Shredded Wheat, 2 packets for	25c
Family Soda Biscuits, Large packets, each 25c or	2 for 45c
Quaker Peas, in heavy syrup, large cans	25c
Liquid Veneer, 25c sizes	35c
'Dixie' Coffee, fresh ground, per lb., 60c, 50c, 40c and	35c

DIXIE ROSS
"Quality Groceries" 1217 Government St.
Phone 50, 51, 52, 53
Liquor 53

PTE. G. S. BUCKNAM STILL MISSING

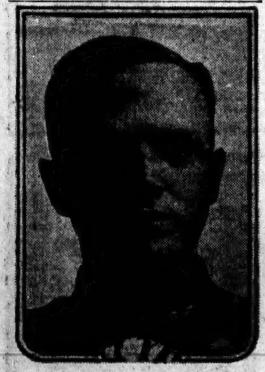
Pte. Guy Seward Bucknam, son of Capt. and Mrs. S. Bucknam, of Sidney, formerly of 412 Montreal Street, this city, is officially reported to be missing since May 8.

SUCCUMBS TO WOUNDS

Pte. James Tretheway, formerly Private in the 1st Battalion, died in hospital.

Pte. James Tretheway, of Victoria, who was wounded on April 24, died two days later in hospital, according to intelligence received yesterday by his cousin, Mrs. Middleton, of Howe Street, Oak Bay.

Pte. Tretheway went to England in the early days of the war and enlisted in the mechanical transport service. He was well known in Victoria musical circles and had a studio in the Bell Block, where he taught the violin. He was a native of Devonshire.



CPL. A. E. ("Fred") BECKWITH
Son of Mr. J. L. Beckwith, 1418 Fernwood Road, who is leaving Montreal for overseas in a few days as a member of the McGill University Siege Artillery draft. He is a graduate of the Victoria High school and has been studying at McGill.

Summer Dresses

New shipment of Ladies' and Misses' Voile, Muslin and Cotton Dresses in many designs and moderately priced. Today we have a large range of sizes. May we show you them?

Wash Skirts and Middie, up from

Large Assortment of

GIRLS' WASH DRESSES

Dresses to suit all ages 1 to 16 years

Millinery for Holiday Wear

Seabrook Young

628-5 Johnson Street

Between Gov't and Broad

Phone 4740

MECHANICS LEAVE

Local Men Left Yesterday for Toronto

Aviation Headquarters—Others Going Later

Two more Victorians left here last night for Toronto to take up their duties in the mechanical branch of the Royal Flying Corps. They were Messrs. I. C. Hinchcliffe and E. Jeffery. It is expected that the local recruiting offices will be able to furnish men each week for this branch of the service, and it will endeavor to send a draft of about fifty men on Saturday.

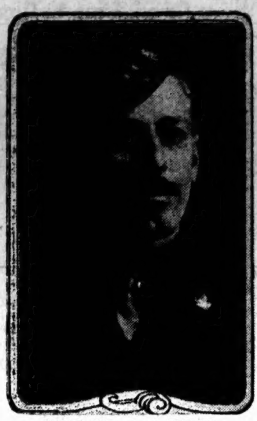
Lieut. G. N. J. Shaw, who is in charge of recruiting for the Royal Flying Corps in British Columbia, will return to the city on Saturday. He has been establishing offices for the corps in Vancouver.

Gnr. E. Rowland, who was severely wounded while serving with the trench mortars in France, and lost the use of his left hand for a time, has now completely recovered and is back at the front again.

Ptes. Severs and Thursty, two wounded soldiers, returned on yesterday afternoon's boat.

VICTORIAN GAINS RAPID PROMOTION

From Private at Outbreak of War to Lieutenant-Colonel Is Record of Former City Policeman.



LIEUT.-COL. A. C. SUTTON

The outbreak of war in August, 1914, found Arthur C. Sutton, erstwhile member of the Victoria Police Force, serving as a humble private in the 50th Gordon Highlanders. Today, he is a lieutenant-colonel, commanding one of the Canadian battalions in France.

The record of Lieut.-Col. Sutton probably has no equal in the Dominion, and his rapid promotion from one rank to another, each step gained in recognition of his personal merit and military capability, has been time and again commented upon by returned soldiers of all ranks, who believe him to be one of the most brilliant officers contributed to the fighting forces by British Columbia.

He went overseas with the first draft from the 50th Highlanders and served through the early battles of the war with the 1st Canadian Scottish, his rank being that of lance-corporal. He was wounded at St. Julien and sent back to England, where



STOKES ARCHIE SINCLAIR
Youngest son of Mrs. I. Sinclair, Belmont Street, who left here recently with a draft from H. M. S. Rainier to Halifax, where they are now training on H. M. S. Niobe, prior to leaving for overseas.

he was later made an instructor and promoted to sergeant. He was returned to Canada, still convalescent, and shortly after Lieut.-Col. Lorne Ross, D.S.O., began to organize the 67th Battalion, Western Scots, Sutton was offered a commission, which he accepted.

Lieut. Sutton's ability was soon recognized by his commanding officer, and from lieutenant he was elevated to the rank of major, being put in command of No. 3 Company. He left for England with the battalion and went into action in France a second time. He lost no time in proving his fitness for his post and the duties which it imposed he discharged with conspicuous ability. He was offered a lieutenant-colonelcy twice before he would accept it.

LT. NELSON C. KENNY KILLED IN FIGHTING

Left as Private and Was Given Commission on the Field—Was Civil Engineer

Lieut. Nelson C. Kenny, a Victorian who went overseas with the 67th Battalion as a private and was given a commission on the field, has been killed in action, according to telegraphic advice just received in this city. A civil engineer by profession, Lieut. Kenny practised principally in New Westminster, but he spent much time in Victoria and has a host of friends on the island. He was a keen devotee to all branches of outdoor sport and was prominent as a football and basketball player here. He was a native of Orillia, Ont.

"Breaking In On Left"

"Gee, boys, they're breaking in on the left."

This was the cry of some of the returned soldiers at the Spadina Military Hospital, Toronto, when a bolt of lightning struck the tower on the front of the building during a recent thunderstorm.

A large broke out amongst the men, as the cry was reminiscent of the trenches in Flanders, where many of them had fought, been wounded, and where some of their chums had remained never to come back. Almost instinctively some of the boys "fell in" ready to repel the attack.

On investigation it was found that a small piece of the decoration on the east side of the tower had been knocked off, but no further damage was done and there was no fire. The men are keeping the small piece of wood on exhibition as a souvenir.

WON MILITARY CROSS IN SURPRISE ATTACK

Lieut. R. A. M. D. Ramsay Returns Wearing Coveted Honor—Wounded by High Explosive Shell.

Lieut. R. A. M. D. Ramsay, who left Victoria with the 103rd Battalion, Vancouver Island Timber Wolves, last July, was in the trenches only six weeks, but he was there long enough to win the Military Cross for gallantry, and he has just returned to the city, wearing the ribbon emblematic of the award on his breast.

Lieut. Ramsay won the decoration for his work during a raid on the Ypres salient last September. The attack was carried out with success, but just as he was about to make his way back over No Man's Land with all that remained of his little command, along with a score of German prisoners, he was knocked out by a high explosive shell. He got a piece of lead in almost every part of his body and he still has to use crutches. His right leg was broken by the impact of the shell and is still in a pretty bad state, but otherwise the returned officer says he is feeling fit.

Came From Okanagan

Prior to leaving here with the 103rd Battalion, Lieut.-Col. E. C. J. L. Henniker, Lieut. Ramsay was attached to the 50th Highlanders of Canada, having come here to join for overseas service from his home in the Okanagan country. Shortly after the Timber Wolves arrived in England he was picked to go across the channel with a draft for the 54th Kootenay Battalion, commanded by Col. A. H. G. Kemball, who was killed only a few weeks ago during the fighting at Vimy Ridge.

He was rushed up to the front line trenches without delay and got his baptism of fire with the 54th Battalion, which was holding a part of the line in that salient which was constantly under fire. The bombardment was intense throughout his stay in the trenches, the darkness of night never interfering with the activity of the opposing armies. The surprise attack in which Lieut. Ramsay took part, while not unlike countless others that have taken place in the Ypres sector since the fighting shifted to that part of the line, was arranged on an elaborate scale and over 100 officers and men took part.

Under the partial shield of darkness, which was counteracted by the sky-lights and star shells hurled into the air, the raiders advanced on their objective. The British barrage fire, said Lieut. Ramsay, was effective, and under its cover the Canadians were able to get close to the enemy without sustaining casualties.

With bayonets fixed, the men were led over the parapet by Lieut. Ramsay and his fellow officers, and the terror-stricken Germans were soon corralled and driven out into the open. The Canadians did not effect the work without meeting resistance, but it was not until they were some distance in the neighborhood of seventeen prisoners taken and a good many more of the enemy killed. The raiders suffered about thirty casualties, one officer being fatally injured and four wounded. Such incidents as these, following one after another with

Captured Prisoners

Lieut. Ramsay was knocked unconscious by a high-explosive before he had the chance to judge for himself of the results of the attack, but he believes there were some prisoners in the neighborhood of seventeen prisoners taken and a good many more of the enemy killed. The raiders suffered about thirty casualties, one officer being fatally injured and four wounded. Such incidents as these, following one after another with



PTE. MAURICE CONNOR
Victorian who is reported to have been missing since May 3. He was formerly engaged on the fisheries cruiser Galliano as fireman and went overseas with the 58th Battalion. His wife and three children are living at 955 Caledonia Avenue.

the regularity that they do, are gradually breaking the enemy's morale, said the returned officer, and the cost to the attackers is small in the aggregate. The raids also enable the securing of valuable information concerning the plans of the enemy and the strength of his forces at certain points of the line.

After spending several months in English hospitals, Lieut. Ramsay was invalided home for further treatment and he is now on indefinite leave. He took a room in the Strathcona Ward of the Jubilee Hospital yesterday.

Lieut. Ramsay's wife and children welcomed him home and will remain in the city so long as he stays here.

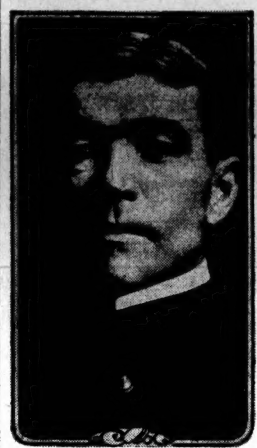
WHERE IS THE MOTHER

with a child who is run down, has pale cheeks or thin blood, who will hesitate to start it growing and keep it going? For over forty years the concentrated liquid-food in Scott's Emulsion has been changing thinness to plumpness—changing poor blood to rich blood.

There is nothing better for growing children—whether they are weak or well—than Scott's Emulsion, but see that you get the genuine Scott's.

BRIG.-GEN. LECKIE IS NEARING COAST

Future Commander of Military District No. 11 Will Reach Vancouver Tomorrow With Returned Soldiers.



BRIG.-GEN. R. G. E. LECKIE, D. S. O.

Brigadier-General R. G. E. Leckie, D.S.O., who is to take over the command of Military District No. 11, embracing the whole of British Columbia and Yukon Territory, will reach the Coast tomorrow, and will probably come directly to Victoria to confer with Col. J. Duff Stuart, the present D.O.C., on the matter of assuming the administrative duties of the district.

Col. Duff Stuart said yesterday that he had not been advised of what the course of events would be, following the arrival of General Leckie here. It is understood, however, that the transfer of the command will be effected without any delay, unless the General should desire an extension of leave.

Will Get Hearty Welcome

A rousing welcome is being prepared for the General in Vancouver, his home city, not only by his friends and relatives, but by his comrades of the old 16th Battalion, Canadian Scottish, which unit he commanded during the fighting at Ypres and Festubert in the Spring of 1915. A guard of honor has been arranged, composed of men of the 72nd Seaforth Highlanders, commanded by



PTE. ELI FRY
Brother of Sergt. John Fry, of the Victoria police force, who has been wounded and is now in No. 12 General Hospital, Boulogne. He left here with the 67th Battalion and prior to enlisting was a baker.

Major R. H. Tupper, a veteran of the 16th Battalion. A similar escort will be provided by returned soldiers who fought with the Canadian Scottish.

Returned Soldiers Coming

Thirty-five disabled soldiers are returning to the Coast on the same train with General Leckie, and some of them will probably arrive here tomorrow afternoon to receive treatment at either the Esquimalt or Reithaven Military Hospital. They are: Cpl. E. Anselmi, E. Edwards, A. Halbertson, W. Honan, Pte. R. Ault, J. Brean, C. Brown, A. Brotherton, A. Burrows, E. Butler, A. Ternan, C. Findlay, G. Gott, T. Gray, H. Huggins, J. Hughes, W. Johnson, D. Johnston, E. Kennedy, W. Leary, H. McFadden, W. Newberry, J. Oliver, R. Potts, H. Pratt, J. Richards, E. Ralston, J. Ross, E. Scarfe, W. Stewart, H. Tranter, A. Wright and H. Young. Sapper Haynes is returning on furlough. Lieut. Kidner will be in charge of the party, which is one of the biggest that has yet reached the West.

NEW SERVICE WILL TAKE REJECTED MEN

Recruits Turned Down by Forestry Drafts May Cut Timber in Old Country Under Civilian Organization.

Even should a man fail to pass the medical tests necessary for entrance into the Forestry Draft, he has from now on a chance to serve his country in practically the same capacity, although free from military discipline and organization.

Orders were received at Work Point from Ottawa yesterday, stating that arrangements had been made for the acceptance of experienced timbermen who had been rejected for military duty on account of physical disability for a special civilian branch of service.

In future, all men who apply for enlistment at the offices of the various

Extra Special for Today

The following list was expressly selected for month-end shoppers, and contains a goodly list of dependable merchandise which has been reduced in price for this occasion:

Women's Lisle Vests, with sleeves or shoulder straps, plain and fancy yokes. Special prices, 20c, 35c ..	50c
Fine Lisle Vests, in all styles, 60c, 75c ..	85c
Women's Lisle Drawers, tight or loose at knee, 35c ..	50c
Women's Lisle Combinations, in all styles and sizes, 60c, 75c and ..	\$1.00
Women's Cotton Hose, in black with ribbed garter top, special at, pair ..	25c
Silk Plated Hose, in black, with lisle top, toe and heel. Per pair ..	65c
Silk Hose, with lisle top in black and colors. Per pair ..	\$1.00
White Embroidered Voile Waists, special at ..	\$2.95
Middy Waists and White Voile Waists, reg. \$1.50, \$1.75, special at ..	\$1.25
Vellings, in black and colors. Special prices, per yard, 25c, 35c and ..	50c
Women's Corsets, in good strong coutil, fancy trimmed, fitted with six good hose supports. Front laced. Reg. \$3. for ..	\$2.50
The Rengo Belt Corset, elastic back, made in coutil. An excellent Corset for full figure. Regular \$3.50, for ..	\$3.00
Women's Corsets, in all sizes, lace or embroidery trimmed, \$1.00, \$1.25 and ..	\$1.50
Special Values in Misses' Corset Waists ..	75c

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Phone 1404

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Yates Street

Satisfaction Unconditionally Guaranteed

Do You Know
that the delivery department in any active grocery store is a very costly item?

Do You Know
that, in the end, the customer pays this heavy charge, every time, through the increased price of groceries?

Do You Know
that you are entitled to a reduced price when you carry your groceries home with you?

Do You Know
that the People's Groceteria have done away with their delivery department and their credit department, and thereby save many hundreds of dollars per month?

Do You Know
that they give this saving to their customers by reducing the price of groceries to the lowest limit?

Pay Cash and Carry Prices and Save Money

PAY CASH	Reception Bread, 16-oz. loaf ..	8c	PAY LESS
	All-Wheat Health Bread, 16-oz. loaf ..	8c	
	Fresh Local Asparagus, per bundle ..	10c	
	Genuine Castile Soap, per bar ..	28c	
	Hirondelle Macaroni, per packet ..	9c	
	Clark's Potted Meats, per tin ..	5c	
	Granulated Sugar, 20 lbs. ..	\$1.88	
	Rolls Oats, 7 lbs., per sack ..	33c	
	Leslie Salt, per sack ..	4c	
	The People's Tea, per lb. ..	37c	

Co-Operate With

The People's Groceteria

749 and 751 Yates Street

And Help Reduce the Cost of Living

Satisfaction Unconditionally Guaranteed

Forestry Depot, C. E. F.

Millwrights, Engineers, Mill Sawyers, Cooks, Saw Filers, Hammerers, Edgermen, Teamsters, General Woodsmen and Clerks are

Urgently Wanted

To those who want a speedy departure overseas this corps will make a special appeal and, although this is not a fighting unit, you will be doing a very necessary work to help

WIN THE WAR

The pay for a married man—actual dependents of a single man being similarly provided for—with allowances, may be set out as follows:

Pay, and no lost time ..	\$33.00
Board and lodging, at 75c per day ..	22.50
Clothing and kit, complete, with maintenance taken on the average scale of civil life, and including doctor's attendance and first class hospital nursing when needed ..	12.00
Separation allowance ..	20.00

Age of enlistment, 18 to 48; men with certain slight disabilities are accepted.

Officer Commanding, MAJOR H. ST. J. MONTIZAMBERT
The headquarters of the Forestry Depot is at Hastings Park, Vancouver, from whence drafts will be continually sent overseas. For further information, apply to Lieut. Ker, Victoria Forestry Recruiting Office, 1222 Government Street.

Don't Wait for Conscription Join Today

forestry units of the Dominion and who are declared medically unfit will be requested to leave their names and addresses, and these will be communicated to Capt. Mifford, an officer just detailed by the Imperial authorities to organize the new service from Ottawa.

His staff will then correspond with the rejected men and provide them with full details, giving the rates of pay, etc. Those who accept terms will be given transportation to the Old Country and will leave here much in the

same way as the drafts of munition workers during the early months of the war. Men enlisted by the forestry drafts and then turned down for medical reasons are eligible to the same service.

Those serving in this branch, while performing the same duties as the forestry soldiers—felling trees and preparing dimension lumber for the construction of trenches and other works—will not be subject to military discipline of any kind.

I never thought MACARONI Could be so Good

This is what people are saying of this new Macaroni of Catelli's. It is so smooth and rich, and has such a delicious flavor, that it seems to be a different dish altogether.

CATELLI'S MILK MACARONI

Is made in a big Swiss factory—of the genuine Semolina flour and pure, sweet milk. It is dried in special dust proof rooms by means of clean air, kept at special temperature. If you know Macaroni only as a tough, stringy dish, strongly flavored with cheese, you have a treat in store when you use Catelli's Milk Macaroni in some of the deliciously inviting styles given in our new book—"The Chef at Catelli's".

Write for a copy
THE C. E. CATELLI CO. LIMITED, MONTREAL.
10¢

EVERYWHERE

Window Screens

Full assortment of sizes; adjustable hardwood frames; best quality wire. Special, each, 40c, 50c, 60c and 75c. Special, each, 35c.

Good Feed Choppers—Cutting clean, always sharp; five assorted cutters; never rusts. Special, each, \$1.75.
Shedding Horse Rinsing—Stands the test of heat; easily applied. Large package, each, \$2.50.
Double Bottoms—In fine aluminum; three-ply size. Special, each, \$2.25.

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MRS. WINN IS HELD ON MANSLAUGHTER CHARGE

Driver of Motor Which Ran Down Captain McIntosh Is Arrested Following Her Evidence at Inquest.

Mrs. Gertrude Winn, wife of Mr. E. A. H. Winn, chairman of the Workmen's Compensation Board, was placed under arrest yesterday afternoon following her evidence at the inquest held on the body of the late Capt. David McIntosh, who was run down on Tuesday morning at the corner of Douglas and View Streets by a motor car driven by her and who died an hour later at the Royal Jubilee Hospital.

After she left the witness stand she was placed under arrest by Constable Allen on a warrant charging her with manslaughter. Arrangements had been made for her personal bond for \$1,000 and two sureties of \$500 each were presented, her husband, Mr. Winn, and Mr. Hugh Gilmore, the latter also a member of the Workmen's Compensation Board, being the sureties.

The charge against Mrs. Winn, as well as that against Albert E. Morbey, the chauffeur who was instructing her in the art of driving a motor car and who was with her at the time of the accident, will be proceeded with tomorrow morning. Morbey is charged with driving to the common danger.

The entire afternoon yesterday was taken up with hearing of evidence, at the conclusion of which the jury returned a verdict of accidental death, but added a rider that the authorities should take steps to prevent amateurs from driving in the congested portions of the city. "We took upon Mrs. Winn as an amateur," stated Mr. Charles Bevan, foreman of the jury, to the coroner, Dr. Stanier.

The evidence of witnesses was conflicting. One operator of the motor testified he heard no horn sounded by the car which ran down Capt. McIntosh; another said the horn was sounded, but not loudly. Mrs. Winn and Morbey both swore that when she saw Capt. McIntosh in the road ahead not only had she sounded the horn, but had sounded it "furiously." All witnesses agreed that the car was moving very slowly at the time the accident occurred and that Capt. McIntosh apparently was oblivious of its approach.

City Prosecutor Harrison appeared for the city and Mr. A. D. McFarlane, solicitor, represented Mrs. Winn at the inquest.

Witnesses' Story
 Mr. George Stanley Eaton, 432 Gorge Road, testified that he was walking on View Street in front of the office of Mr. L. U. Conyers, when he saw Capt. McIntosh walking diagonally across the intersection of Douglas and View Streets from the Sayward Block towards Spencer's store a few minutes after 11 o'clock on Tuesday morning. He got to about the centre of the intersection when a motor car came south on the left side of Douglas Street and turning onto View Street, to proceed west to Broad Street, struck him. The car was travelling very slowly.

Capt. McIntosh was fully in view of the driver. As the car struck Capt. McIntosh witness saw the man in it reach for the wheel. "The woman was driving," said Capt. McIntosh, who did not see the car towards him until he was back was turned. Witness heard no horn being sounded.

Dr. Lennox, who attended Capt. McIntosh at the Royal Jubilee Hospital and performed the post mortem, described the nature of the latter's injuries. The ribs on the right side from the fourth to the tenth, and those on the left from the fifth to the tenth were fractured, the liver being badly lacerated. The cause of death, he declared, was due to internal hemorrhage due to laceration of the liver.

Mr. Leonard C. Lytton, Mount Tolmie, also an eyewitness of the incident, saw Capt. McIntosh when he was in the centre of the intersecting streets and at the same time he saw the motor car driven by a woman approaching from Yates Street. There was little or no traffic on the street at the time.

Apparently the driver saw Capt. McIntosh, for witness heard the motor horn sounded, but not loudly, and Capt. McIntosh did not appear to hear it. The car was travelling very slowly, about on the left line of car tracks. Witness deemed it strange that with no other traffic on the street the motor should have kept straight for Capt. McIntosh. The latter was struck by the right portion of the front end of the car, which appeared to stop, then go ahead a little and stop with the wheel on the body of the prostrate man. Just as the car struck Capt. McIntosh the woman driver appeared to lose control of herself and "more or less threw her hands up and screamed." The man in the seat with her, so far as witness saw, did not appear to have done anything. Witness volunteered the statement that afterwards when he learned of the circumstances, he thought that it would have been easy for the man to have reached the steering wheel and turned the car out of the way of Capt. McIntosh.

Turned Wheel Wrong Way
 To Mr. Harrison, Lytton stated that after the accident, he was spoken to by Mrs. Winn whose car had been brought up to the curb at the corner of the Sayward Block. He said to her: "That was entirely your fault, you could not have been looking." Mrs. Winn in reply had stated, witness testified, "I was, I was looking, but I turned the wheel the wrong way," and she went on to tell witness she was just learning to drive.

Mrs. Winn, who gave her residence as at 1910 Poul Day Road, appeared quite self-possessed as she gave her evidence. She stated that at the corner of Douglas and Yates Streets there had been a street car rounding from Yates onto Douglas Street going south towards Port Street. Morbey, who was teaching her to drive, instructed her to go slowly as the street car might stop at View Street. She had one foot on the clutch and the other on the brakes. As the car came onto Douglas Street Morbey told her to put it into intermediate gear. When the street car did not stop at View Street Morbey instructed her that it was all right. She then shifted her gear after working the lever to put the car into intermediate gear she noticed a man had stepped from off the curb on the left side of Douglas Street and a point a few feet north of View Street was proceeding diagonally across the street in the west side, towards Spencer's. She sounded the horn, making a "furiously noise," not only pushing the button but keeping her finger on it.

The man ahead did not seem to notice the approach of the car nor hear the horn. When she first noticed him the car was distant from him about a quarter of the block.

Sounded the Horn
 "I kept tooting the horn all the way along," she said. "I had the brakes down. I am sure I was not going more than three miles an hour. When it dawned on me that the man might be deaf and was not going to get out of the way I put on the clutch and almost at the same moment Mr. Morbey put on the emergency brake."

Mrs. Winn could not remember, but did not think there was any traffic ahead. She was making a proper turn onto View Street, the man ahead being directly in line of that turn. The car appeared to push rather than strike the man who seemed to sit down on the fender in such a way as to make her believe he was safe. Then he seemed to gently roll off the fender. The car did not move more than a foot or two after it first struck him.

Mrs. Winn stated it was the third of a series of lessons she was taking from Morbey and before the accident she had been driving about the downtown streets for an hour. Up to the time of the accident she had had confidence in her ability to handle the car in the downtown streets and had been so that morning without the slightest trouble. She could see no way in which she could have avoided the accident in view of the precautions she had taken.

Albert Morbey, for the past 15 months employed as a chauffeur at the Pimley garage and for eight years accustomed to handling cars, corroborated Mrs. Winn's testimony in practically every detail. Witness the car driven by Mrs. Winn had turned onto Douglas Street and was approaching the Sayward Block he had seen a woman and a child step off the curb, but they stepped back when they saw the motor car. He was standing at the curb, evidently seen them, too, for she sounded the horn and after she had done so witness noticed an old gentleman ahead on the roadway going south and slightly diagonally on the road. Mrs. Winn continued to sound the horn but the man ahead appeared to take no notice, but kept on about 15 to 20 feet ahead of the car and directly in the line of traffic. Mrs. Winn slowed down the car, but the man continued to come on to "jump" because of lack of gas. It was then going not more than two to two and one-half miles an hour. Mrs. Winn tried to swing the wheel so as to carry the car to the right and at the same time witness saw the emergency brake just a second or two before the car struck Capt. McIntosh. The car did not travel more than 18 inches to two feet further. Witness jumped out and saw Capt. McIntosh lying close up to the wheel, but apparently not under it. He moved the car back and assisted in carrying Capt. McIntosh into Ivel's drug store nearby.

Mrs. Winn, witness swore, had the car constantly under her control at the time the accident occurred. She did explain but had not let go of the steering wheel and was in full possession of her faculties.

After Coroner Stanier had quoted a declaration of the coroner that the car was on the part of a driver of a motor car in avoiding accidents, the jury retired and in 20 minutes returned with its verdict. The jury was composed of Mr. Charles Bevan, Elias Thomas L. Corbett, Alfred Davis, Joseph Archibald and Arthur Lee.

SEEK CHARGE OF 'SOLDIERS' ORPHANS'

National Council of I.O.D.E. Thinks Salvation Army Not Proper Body to Bring Up Children of Dead Soldiers.

Efforts are to be made by the National Chapter of the I. O. D. E. in Canada to take over the problem of the orphans of Canadian soldiers and sailors. Those orphans were recently placed in charge of the Salvation Army, but delegates attending the National Convention of the I. O. D. E. at the Empress Hotel, yesterday, thought the order was the proper organization to be given charge of the work. The National Council has been instructed to look no time in seeing what can be done about it.

The problem was brought up by Miss Doyle, of Toronto, who declared that the I. O. D. E. should establish a chain of homes from one end of Canada to the other for the orphans of soldiers and sailors.

"When I read that the care of these orphans of soldiers and sailors had been given into the care of the Salvation Army," she said, "I was shocked. The reason is that the Salvation Army is always associated with the 'down and out'."

"The children of our soldiers and princesses of the land. Our order is the natural body to care for their proper upbringing. We have helped the Belgians and many other war sufferers in Europe, but we must not forget that charity begins at home."

"The fathers of these children have proved themselves to be sons of the Empire, and while there are Daughters of the Empire can it be said that the children of such men have no friends? What more could we do to cherish the deeds of our brave men than by preparing for and caring for their children? Why should we erect stones to their memory when we can erect homes?"

Miss Doyle declared that the organization would be neglecting some of the fundamental provisions of its charter if it did not grasp this opportunity to take up what is probably the greatest patriotic work at home, and one that she felt would have much bearing on the future of the country and its men and women.

Other delegates strongly endorsed Miss Doyle's proposal, some saying that the I. O. D. E. was the logical organization to undertake the work, as women are the natural guardians of the children.

OBITUARY NOTICES

Mrs. Margaret McMichael, wife of Mr. William McMichael, died last night at the family home, First Street, Saanichton. Deceased was 19 years of age. Burial will be at Milltown, Leckpatrick, County Tyrone, Ireland. She had been in Canada nine years and in Victoria since 1912. She is survived by her husband and two sons. The funeral will be held tomorrow at 2:30 o'clock from the E.C. Funeral chapel. The services will be under the auspices of the Associated Bible Students. Burial will be in Ross Bay cemetery.

URGES COMPULSORY MILITARY TRAINING

Miss Constance Boulton Tells I.O.D.E. That Under It No Recruiting Would Have Been Necessary.

Miss Constance Boulton, of Toronto, speaking on "Military Training for Our Boys" yesterday at the national convention of the I.O.D.E. at the Empress Hotel, urged every member to return to her home and persistently and emphatically preach compulsory and universal military training for the boys and young men of Canada.

"If we had had compulsory military training in Canada along the lines of British traditions, British history and our responsibility to the Empire—if we had had that, I doubt if we would have needed recruiting agencies at all in this country after the war broke out to raise an army for overseas," cried Miss Boulton.

"You must go home and preach compulsory and universal military training and educate public opinion in this country, which does not yet realize its responsibility to the Empire in this hour of crisis. You must make yourselves articulate. That is the heaven-born duty for us today because our Empire is trembling in the balance. You must carry this message far and wide and use your power and influence to have military training introduced. Military training produces an attitude of mind that can result from no mere physical training."

"The one thing I want you to remember and carry away with you and preach is that military training in our country must be compulsory and in order that it may be effective it must be universal. We must be prepared for the time when the security of our country and our ideals are threatened."

Monopoly of Common Sense
 Miss Boulton denounced labor leaders and radicals who are opposing military training. "The pacifists and radicals have no monopoly for peace, but we Daughters of the Empire have the monopoly of common sense as far as this question goes. Today there are still pacifists saying that there will never be another war. A fortnight before the Franco-Russian War one of the French ministers said: 'We have never known such peaceful relations as now.' Two weeks after that without any warning France was invaded by the German hordes."

Declaring that the general public in Canada had a false idea of what military training is, Miss Boulton told of the compulsory training systems in vogue in Switzerland, Norway, France and Germany and Australia. In Switzerland the time of the individual required for military training during the first thirteen years is only 15 days, or 15 days during the twenty-five year period included in the service. In Norway men between the ages of twenty-two and twenty-eight have to spend only 144 days in training. In Australia, between the ages of eighteen and twenty-five years only 165 days are required. In Australia physical training begins with the boys at the age of ten while they are in school. Military training begins in the schools when the boys reach fourteen years. Between the ages of eighteen and twenty-five men are placed on the lists as reserve soldiers.

In France and Germany where the compulsory military training is imposed, the time required is only five to six months after the man reaches the age of twenty years.

"And yet, in spite of the short periods required in these countries for military training, it is held up to us as the most terrible thing that has ever been imposed on the world," continued Miss Boulton. She pointed out the beneficial results of compulsory training in improved physique and mental attitude of the citizens.

CONSCRIPTION THEME OF PUBLIC MEETING

Great War Veterans Organize Gathering at Princess Theatre for Consideration of Proposed Enactment

A public meeting will be held in the Princess Theatre tomorrow evening at which certain features of Canada's duty in the present world crisis will be discussed. The gathering will be under the auspices of the Great War Veterans' Association and will be in accordance with the policy of the organization throughout the Dominion. Its purpose is to acquaint the general public with the viewpoint of the man who volunteered to serve his country in its obligation to the Empire and to humanity, in regard to the proposed and much discussed conscription enactment upon which the attention of the public is at the moment centered. A parade of returned men will proceed the meeting. It will be formed up in front of the Parliament Buildings at 7:30 o'clock tomorrow evening and will take a course through the main streets of the city to the hall of assembly.

Returned men will speak at the meeting, and will set forth frankly, as only those who have been at the front can, what it means to serve one's country in a crisis such as faces the nation at the present time, and what it means to those who have volunteered such service to know that the nation is supporting them in their task. The meeting will begin at 8 o'clock and every effort is being made within the limited time in advance of the gathering to create an interest among the public that will ensure the largest number of citizens possible being in attendance.

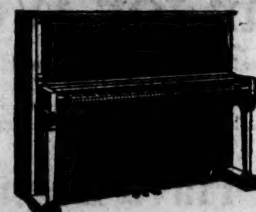
LIFE CONSERVATION

Tender to Speak at First Regular Meeting Saturday Night—Officers to Be Elected

Premier Brewster will speak on the "Economic Aspect of Conserving Human Life" at the first regular meeting of the newly organized Life Conservation League of Victoria, at the Empress Hotel Saturday night. At this meeting the report of the organizing committee will be submitted and officers elected. Mr. P. C. Abel, president of the Victoria Rotary Club, will preside. During the evening Mrs. J. Macdonald Fisher will sing.

The following organizations are being represented on the executive: Rotary Club, Medical Society, Dental Society, Anti-Tuberculosis Society, Trades and Labor Council, Women's Council, City Council, Board of School Trustees, and Social Service Commission.

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You who have made up your mind to buy a piano—can you afford to let this money-saving opportunity pass without investigation? All of the pianos described below have been well cared for by their former owners. Their condition is such that we can guarantee them to be good for 10 years satisfactory service.

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Metzler Piano
 A very slightly used upright piano, in handsome inlaid Circassian walnut case. Tone is exceptionally rich and mellow. Cost new \$500. Now

\$225

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 Miniature upright grand model in handsome walnut case. This piano has only seen a few months' service, and is indistinguishable from new. Cost \$450. Now

\$325

Nordheimer Piano
 Full size concert grand upright model, equipped with new Capo D'Astro Bar, beautiful walnut case, and tone of rare richness and mellowness. Cost \$600. Now

\$300

Carn Morris Player-Piano
 Fine toned instrument in Mission oak cabinet. It has the latest improved 88-note scale. Your choice of 25 standard or popular selections with this instrument. Cost \$700. Now

\$475

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Western Canada's Largest Music House
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 In the New Spencer Building
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HON. MR. TURNER MAY ACT

In view of the recent resignation of Sir Richard McBride, Agent-General for the Province at London, and his early return to British Columbia, the Provincial Government has cabled to Hon. J. H. Turner, former agent-general, asking him to resume the duties of the office temporarily.

Mr. Turner was agent-general for the Province from September, 1901, when he resigned the office of Premier and Minister of Agriculture and Finance to accept the position overseas. At the beginning of last year he resigned and was succeeded by Sir Richard McBride. He was given a pension of \$6,000 per year. It is probable that the Government will make him some additional allowance while he is temporarily filling the office until a successor to Sir Richard is named.

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Births, Marriages and Deaths

BIRTHS
 APPELBAUM—On May 29, to Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Appelbaum, of 78 Moss Street, Victoria, B.C., a son, "The Alcazar." A son, BARNES—On May 28, to Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Barnes, 1028 King's Road, a son.

MARRIAGES
 OLIPHANT-PIERCY—Mr. and Mrs. John Piercy, 411 Linden Avenue, announce the marriage of their second daughter, Lillian Madeline, to John Shaw Oliphant, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. Oliphant, Park Boulevard, which was quietly celebrated at Christ Church Cathedral, Wednesday afternoon, May 28, the Very Rev. Dean Quinlan officiating.

DEATHS

MCINTOSH—On May 29, 1917, suddenly, Capt. David McIntosh, of 78 Moss Street, Victoria, B.C., aged 41 years; born Magalloway County, Quebec.

The funeral will take place on Friday, June 1, at 2:30, services being conducted at the residence, Interment in Ross Bay Cemetery. No flowers, by request.

BURNHAM—At Jubilee Hospital, Victoria, on May 29, Capt. Alfred Benjamin Burnham, aged 78, born in Digby, Nova Scotia. Funeral, announcement later. (Nova Scotia papers please copy).

CARD OF THANKS

Mr. H. W. Fletcher and daughter wish to thank the many friends for kind words and sympathy for the beautiful flowers sent during their recent sad bereavement.

Funeral Notice

Members of Victoria-Columbia Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. M., E. C. C. R., are requested to meet at the Masonic Temple, Flagstaff Street, on Friday, the 1st June, 1917, at 1:45 p. m., sharp, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late Brother Capt. David McIntosh.

Local lodges and adjoining brethren in standing are invited to attend.

By order of the W. M.,
 A. ST. GEORGE FLINT, Secretary.

4 Times the Saving with Diamond Tires

Certainly, when you save in the first cost of a Diamond Tire, and add to that saving by its service, you will save four times as much by using four Diamonds.

Get Diamond Squeezes—Tough, stubborn rubber that actually outwears carriage-tire steel in abrasion tests. Look at a Squeeze-Tread Diamond that has gone thousands of miles and that the Squeeze-Tread is still there. Your car may need only one this today. Get a Diamond, and keep on until you are using four—and saving on each.

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Every Diamond Tire most deliver full value in service. It never a Diamond Tire fails, a diamond, with adjustment will be promptly made.

Squeeze Tread Tires

For Automobiles, Buses and Motorcycles
 FULFILLING ALL YOUR NEEDS

June Sale of Seasonable Wear for Women

This announcement heralds a long list of seasonable Women's Wear which we have decided to clear at sweeping reductions. The reason for these reductions is that we find ourselves considerably overstocked in certain lines, and, to dispose of this surplus, we have marked down the prices to such an extent that there will be no question as to the results—

Prices Have Been Almost Cut in Half

Wool Jersey Suits, regular up to \$30, for **\$15.50**
Novelty Cloth and Silk Suits, all shades and styles (only six of the Silk Suits), regular up to \$40, for **\$24.50**
White Silk Waists, all sizes, regular \$2.45 values, for **\$1.95**

Broken Lines in Crepe de Chine Waists, flesh and white only, worth up to \$5, for **\$2.25**
White Waists, many styles and sizes, regular \$1 values, for **45c**
White Underskirts, regular 85c values, for **45c**

Fur Trimmed Sweaters for \$17.75

An extra large assortment of these beautiful Sweaters in many styles and colorings, with shirred backs, sash in front, and large sailor collars. Regular prices up to \$30, for **\$17.75**

Ladies' Sample Suit House

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Where Style Meets Moderate Price

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In Woman's Realm

By MARIA LAWSON

From "Paradise Lost"
Sweet is the breath of morn, her rising sweet,
With charm of earliest birds; pleasant the sun,
When first on this delightful land, he spreads
His orient beams, on herb, tree, fruit,
And flower,
Glistening with dew; fragrant the fertile earth,
After soft showers; and sweet the coming on
Of grateful evening mild; then silent night,
With this her solemn bird, and this fair moon,
And these the gems of heaven, her starry train;
But neither breath of morn, when she ascends
With charm of earliest birds; nor rising sun,
On this delightful land; nor herb, fruit, flower,
Glistening with dew; nor fragrance after showers;
Nor grateful evening mild; nor silent night,
With this her solemn bird; nor walk by moon
Or glittering star light—without thee,
Is sweet!

—John Milton.



LADY SUFFOLK

A Widow
"That loss is common would not make
My own less bitter, rather more;
Too common! Never morning wore
To evening but some heart did break."
Tennyson's lines must often come to the minds of women in these days with the feeling that they are far truer now than when they were written. No class is spared and perhaps they do not suffer least who have shared together the pleasures and privileges of rank and wealth.

The Earl of Suffolk has fallen in Mesopotamia, killed in battle. He was forty years old and his family has been famous in history since the time of Queen Elizabeth. The family seat is famous for its picture gallery. Before the war Lord Suffolk was a member of Parliament and an officer in the Gloucestershire Militia. In Mesopotamia he held the rank of major in the R.F.A. His wife was an American, Miss Margaret Letter, of Washington. She has three little sons, who will be at once a comfort and a responsibility.

The Ambleside Experiment
In The Nineteenth Century for April there is an article by Florence Mary Parsons describing an elementary school experiment which has been going on in England for many years. Begun in private schools by Charlotte M. Mason, of Ambleside, under the name

of the "Parents' Union School," it has been adopted in some of the State schools. The following extract will show why one headmistress chose to make a new beginning:
"I am extremely dissatisfied with the results obtained when I consider all the time and trouble taken; all the energy and thought expended on our work. There is too much work done by the teacher—too little by the child. The children's memories are not good, and the reason they do not remember things seems to me to be because of the lack of living interest. Their power of expression is weak, and their vocabularies are poor. The children are getting their information too much in tabloid form, in spite of illustrations, pictures, etc., hence this mental indigestion and arrested development."
The cure for the state of things so well described lay in a system of teaching which considered the child as possessing a hunger for knowledge. To feed this the best books should be given him. Not only is it natural for children to want to know, but they love to tell. This desire of self-expression must be encouraged, for "a child loves to retell what has interested him. When telling it he does not only memorize, but puts in an additional something of himself that demonstrates assimilation."
The writer then goes on to describe how in an unlovely Yorkshire mining town she saw a school where children were being taught by the Ambleside

plan. The dullness, the lack of beauty which, day after day, met the eyes of these poor children is skillfully depicted. Then we are brought to the schoolroom, and even in our beautiful city we would be glad to see such a picture.

"In the usual council class-room, glass-screened from its neighbor rooms and brightened by pictures and flowers, an assistant teacher stood reading to a class of forty girls, their average age seven. She read two pages—a traveler's account of African parrots—reading slowly, reading into the children, letting them feel how interesting she, the reader, found the book, but never pausing to interpolate a word of explanation or definition. The children sat engrossed in what was being read, and, moreover, aware that at the end of this, the one and only reading of it, some of them would be required to narrate. As soon as the reading was ended, up rose a forest of small arms. One girl was called forward. She faced the class quite without self-consciousness, gave what to a visitor seemed an astonishing narration of what she heard, astonishing, because the consecutive, in the ease with which she made the adult vocabulary her own, and in the good intonation copied from the teacher. She proved to be by no means a child. Others, one after another, came forward with the same quiet confidence either to take up the tale where a predecessor had been told to stop or to supply details earlier narrators had missed. The general level of narration was most impressive, and so were the alertness of the children, their delight in an lively touch of description; and the enthusiasm is for knowledge for its own sake; there are no marks, no prizes, no external rewards whatever in the school. One might have imagined the scholars were teaching the teacher, so buoy and free were they, so unobtrusive she. It is only in the younger classes that children are read to instead of reading for themselves. The reading habit, the power of self-sustained attention took time to form, but the result in mental development has proved time and trouble well expended. The mistress said that the power of quiet reading, weak at first had so strengthened term by term that she could not have imagined before-hand the present capacity to master a subject and get the better of a difficulty."

The children read—not learn—geography and history, written by authors who know their subject. There are no grammars necessary and nothing is said of spelling books. Words are put in the children's hands in the form of Andrew Lang's "Tales of Troy and Greece," and when a little older, a play of Shakespeare.

From the time the children enter the Ambleside schools they hear or read Bible narratives. Of this the writer says:

"The times we are living through do everything to justify the great stress the founder of the Parents' Union School has always laid on Bible teaching. The men in the trenches have found their 'want God.' The children at school, men and women of tomorrow, want God too. No other book exists through which they can so vividly learn the nearness of God, the meaning of right, the law of consequence, as the Old Testament. It is the most powerful of lesson-books, but it needs intelligent handling, an every powerful instrument does. New Testament teaching is on a different plane. There, the pervading idea is not the distant scene, the ancient regime, but a Person to adore and serve. This idea is the centre of the Parents' Union education, but it is impossible to dwell adequately on the hope and promise of its radiating idealism."
Much reliance is placed on the study of good pictures, but the study of literature by the children themselves is placed above all else. Explanations are given sparingly, if at all, and nothing is said of what is usually spoken of as "language lessons."
The closing sentence will show how opposed to much that is advocated in these days is the attitude of the writer:

"The themes of literature are beauty, and ethics, and love and man's unquenchable mind, and on these humanistic must be based that liberal education which is the right and needful food of every child of the nation."

Searchlight of Services—The Searchlight Council has decided to hold Court of Revision on June 13. The following will constitute the court: Rev. Borden, Councillors Tanner, Somers, Diggon and Henderson.

PROVINCIAL REPORT READ AT MEETING

Third Morning Session of Annual Meeting of the National Chapter, I.O.D.E., Includes Many Important Questions.

More than 200 delegates from all parts of the Dominion, and local members of the Daughters of the Empire were present at the third morning session of the annual meeting of the National Chapter, I.O.D.E., being held this week at the Empress Hotel.

Although only two addresses were mentioned in the agenda, these were augmented by several brief opinions on the subjects under discussion from several prominent members of the order. So interesting were the opinions expressed by the various speakers that the allotted time was rapidly filled and the hour of adjournment brought to a close a session replete with interest. Of considerable interest also was the presentation of the collection of beautiful historical pictures by Mrs. Goodrich, the National president, to the Provincial Normal School of Vancouver. In her address the president said that it was the intention of the National Chapter to present each Provincial Normal School, from time to time, with sets of these famous pictures which are reproductions of historical paintings. "When this project was first suggested," the speaker continued, "the committee discovered that the only place where historical pictures of the description they wanted were obtainable was Boston, U.S.A." As this was not in accord with the loyalty of the order to the Mother Country, the pictures had been ordered from London, England. Emphasis was laid upon the fact that while nominally the National executive was making the presentation, it was in reality the gift of the Imperial Order Daughters of the Empire, as the pictures were paid for from the life membership receipts.

British Columbia Report

The report of the work of the Provincial Chapter, in British Columbia, submitted by Mrs. Henry Croft, the president, was intensely interesting and was as follows:

The report of the Provincial Chapter of the I.O.D.E. in British Columbia showed a total membership of 3,198, an advance of 638 on last year's total. The amount of money raised throughout the Province from March, 1916, to March, 1917, amounted to \$55,922.32, an advance of \$13,369.44 upon last year's total. In excess of this amount Vancouver has raised \$5,005, and Victoria \$6,024.29 by undertaking under special committees. One municipal, fifteen primary and four junior chapters were added during the year. The total amount of money raised by the I.O.D.E. in British Columbia since August, 1914, to date, averages \$158,100 for the Province.

In August, last year, the Provincial officers had the honor of being received by H.R.H. the late Duchess of Connaught, who displayed an intimate knowledge of, and interest in, the work of the order. Mrs. Croft, the Provincial president, in presenting the report said: "It is with a feeling of more than ordinary sadness, that we remember the royal lady no longer among us, as an influence and an example in all our service. It remains for us to keep in loving memory her kindness, her wise counsels and her instant example and sympathy in all our endeavors. The Provincial holds as a treasured keepsake the gift from Her Royal Highness of her portrait, framed and surmounted by the badge of the order. After her departure Her Royal Highness left a gift of a pair of socks, made by herself, to every Provincial primary chapter."

The undertakings of the Provincial Chapter during the year included the organization of a giant jam gift, whereby the Daughters of the Empire forwarded five tons of home-made jam to the Canadian War Contingent Association for the use of our men in trench or hospital.

The promotion of Alexandra Ross Day was most successfully inaugurated in Victoria and New Westminster by the municipal chapters, and in Nanaimo, Prince Rupert, Ladysmith and Salt Spring Island. A sum of \$5,000 was collected for the order, distributed among the charities in the various localities. In the capital city the honorary president, Mrs. F. S. Barnard, marked the event by an entertainment at the Empress Hotel.

New Brunswick Report

Ethel I. Scott, assistant secretary for the New Brunswick Provincial Chapter, in her report for that Province, stated that since the commencement of the war the I.O.D.E. in New Brunswick had raised \$169,339.38. There are 17 primary chapters under the jurisdiction of the Provincial Chapter and the Daughters of the Empire in that Province now number 86 in good standing, an increase of 113 over last year. Four comfortable and commodious rooms are provided for the Provincial officials in the Parliament Buildings and those who contribute their patriotic services. Six of the seven sewing machines in use have been donated by machine dealers. In the cutting and outting committees are at work in the afternoon the sewing machines are kept busy and a constant attendant is there for the exchange of sewing work for the soldiers' and sailors' needs.

Since the war commenced there has gone out from these workrooms 11,564 pairs of soldiers' socks; 5,521 pairs having been shipped since the last annual meeting and with those now packed and ready to send there will be a total of 1,069 pairs for the year. Socks were even sent to East Africa where British troops were stationed. Besides these socks 127 cases of goods have been shipped and 48 more are ready for shipment, including hospital supplies and clothing, valued at about \$5,600. The men in the trenches have been served first, and the Fredericton practice of giving each man leaving in its unit two pairs of socks and a substantial lunch has been consistently continued.

Special mention is made in the report of Mrs. George Kitchen, who is more than 94 years old, but has knit more than 200 pairs of socks besides

Burberry
Coats

Gordon & Doyle
LIMITED

Store Hours: 8:30 a.m. to 6 p.m. Friday, 9:30 p.m. Saturday, 1 p.m.

Trefousse
Gloves

Bathing Suits

For Women, Misses and Children



Complete and interesting assortments are available here at moderate prices.

Women's Bathing Suits of black stockinette, with black and white trimmings. All sizes, at **\$1.85** each.

Women's Knitted All-Wool or Cotton Bathing Suits, in plain shades of orange, emerald, grey, navy, black, rose, or cadet trimmed with bright stripes, at **\$3.50 to \$9.75**

A Good Display of Women's Bathing Caps at **65c to \$1.25**

FOR CHILDREN AND MISSES

All-Wool Bathing Suits in navy, scarlet or sage blue, trimmed with contrasting colors; ages 2 to 8 years, at **\$1.75, \$2.00 and \$3.50**.

Bathing Suits of lustre in navy or cardinal, with stockinette tights, for ages up to 14 years, at **\$2.50 and \$3.75** each.

Bathing Caps for Children, in two-tone effects, at **45c and 50c**.

Women's Middy Blouses \$1.75 Each

Our Middy Blouses at this price represent the most deserving styles and best quality fabrics. There are numerous models to select from and the values are such as merit your special interest. Middies in all-white trimmed with stripes, and white with plain colored trimmings, straight style or coat style, and all sizes from 34 to 44. Come and view our assortments. You will appreciate our splendid showing at **\$1.75** each.

A New Delivery of Smart Sports Skirts

of Wool Jersey Cloth at

\$14.50

In fine quality, gathered at waist line and having wide belt and novelty pockets at sides. The models are shown in such colors as cadet, paddy, old rose, gold or white, and are trimmed with mother-of-pearl buttons. These Skirts are very smart and are good values at the price—**\$14.50**.

Thursday Will Be Remnant Day

A large assortment of useful lengths to clear in the following materials: Dress Goods, Suitings, Coatings, Silks of all kinds, Wash Goods of every description, Household Cottons, Laces, Embroideries and Ribbon. On sale today.

Phone 1876
First Floor, 5329

Sayward Building
1211 Douglas Street



CONSCRIPTION

You Are Invited to Attend the Great War Veterans Association Public Meeting at the Princess Theatre Friday, June 1st, at 8 P. M. Speakers: Lieut. Armstrong, 67th Batt., Sergt. R. Pearce, D.C.M., and others

many mittens and scarves. The sale of waste paper which has just started is expected to prove the source of considerable revenue.

Saskatchewan Report

Mrs. W. Melville Martin, president of the Saskatchewan Provincial Chapter, tendered a report showing that the total amount of money raised in that

Province during the year was \$45,256, and the value of the sales of field comforts sent to the trenches was \$26,900. There are 58 chapters in Saskatchewan with a total membership of 2,800, of whom 2,500 are in good standing. Since the start of war \$158,000 has been raised by the I.O.D.E. in Saskatchewan. The Canadian Field Comforts Commission has received also \$2,675 in cash for field comforts for the boys. Also \$2,000 was raised for the relief of Russian prisoners in Germany. The Serbian Relief Fund had received \$2,310 and the French Relief Fund \$2,045. The Sailors' Fund also received from Saskatchewan I.O.D.E. a total of \$2,325. The Prisoners of War Fund was also recipient of \$1,424, which only represents a portion of what has been given in the aggregate for this fund, another \$2,071 being given earlier in the year. Other funds receiving contributions were: Belgian Relief, \$4,851; Canadian Red Cross, \$3,549; Military Y.M.C.A., \$1,570; Canadian Convalescent Homes, \$1,550; Soldiers' Christmas Gift Fund, \$1,399; Overseas Tobacco Fund, \$428. Shipments of goods valued at many thousands of dollars also went to the Red Cross. The Saskatchewan chapters also launched upon an educational campaign, forming largely the distribution of the best literature on Empire subjects including presentations of libraries to districts of foreign settlement.

Echoes report, by Mrs. Auden, the South African Graves report, by Miss Boulton, the report of work in India, by Miss Muriel Bruce, and the report on the "Comrades' Correspondence and School Linking," by Miss McGaffin, were taken as read.

Hard Work

"They say Tennyson frequently worked a whole afternoon on a single line," said the literary enthusiast. "That's nothing," said the poor coddled beside him. "I know a man who has been working the last eight years on a single sentence."

Your Wife's "Allowance"

"allowance" may not expend to meet the increasing cost of food, but it will buy a sufficient quantity of Shredded Wheat to nourish every member of the family. Two Shredded Wheat Biscuits with milk make a good, nourishing breakfast at a cost of a few cents. All the body-building material in the whole wheat grain. For breakfast or dinner with berries or other fruits.



Made in Canada

The "K" Boot Shop

White is Right in Women's Shoes for Summer wear, anywhere. And this store rises to meet and greet the popular demand of the day with Low Shoes and High Shoes in White whose lines are undeniably fetching and smart.

Ladies' White High Laced Buckskin and White Kid Boots, \$9.50 and **\$8.00**
White Reinkin and Canvas High Laced Boots, \$6.00 to **\$2.50**

White Suede Gladys's Pump, \$9.50 and **\$6.00**

White South Sea Island Canvas Colonial Pumps, \$6 to **\$2.00**



H. E. MUNDAY

1115 Government St.

Phone 1701

WHITE SUMMER SHOES

FOR THE HOT DAYS

Ladies' White Canvas Pump, \$2.75 to \$3.50
 Ladies' White Canvas Boots, \$4.50 to \$5.00
 Our New Ladies' Canvas Boots, with rubber soles, low and high heels, \$2.50 and \$3.00

Inspection
Invited

CHRISTIE'S
 1231 Government Street

Luxury
Plan
QualityPLANS FIELD DAY
FOR JULY FIRST

V.I.A.A. Will Hold Its Big Event
 Postponed From May 24—
 Charitable Fund Will Reap
 Benefit.

W. H. Davies, superintendent of the V.I.A.A., announced last night that the club intends to hold a big field day on July 1. It will be remembered that the V.I.A.A. had planned an affair of this kind for Victoria Day, but that when the idea was broached of holding all sports on that day under the auspices of the Red Cross Society, the V.I.A.A. postponed its meeting in order to co-operate with the society, with the idea of making as big a success as possible of the afternoon. It was due in no small measure to the energy and experience of Mr. Davies, that the sports at the Royal Athletic Park were run off in such a successful manner.

Mr. Davies is planning to make the meet of July 1 the best yet attempted, and announces that the major portion of the receipts will go to some charitable or patriotic fund.

MILITARY CRICKET

Garrison Team Wins Close Game From
 Convalescent Soldiers of Esquimalt
 Military Home

An excellent game of cricket was played yesterday afternoon on the Work Point ground when the Esquimalt Convalescent Home eleven played No. 5 Company of the R.C.G.A. With Askey and Wells, the two crack bowlers of the Garrison against them, the returned soldiers did well to make a total of 77. Sergt. Welch and Tipper made an excellent stand against the bowling, Welch getting 21 before being bowled by Wells, and Sergt. Tipper being not out 30. Both played good cricket.

Wells was in good form with the bat as well as with the ball, being high man on the opposite side with 55 to his credit. Sergt. Edwards played a fine innings for 23. Gnr. Alexander achieved double figures with 15. The Garrison team won the match by 23 runs. The full score and analysis follows:

E. M. C. H.	
S. T. McKinnon b Filton	4
S. M. Dawson c Frankish b Alexander	4
Lieut. King at Buxton b Filton	3
Sergt. Welch b Wells	21
Sergt. Tipper not out	30
Cpl. Forsyth at Buxton b Askey	1
Cpl. Harrison c Buxton b Askey	0
Cpl. Barton c b Askey	0
Pte. Singlehurst b Askey	0
Cpl. Nicol c Frankish b Askey	0
Sergt. Tayler b Wells	3
Extras	7
Total	77
No. 5 Co. R. C. G. A.	
Gnr. Alexander b Welch	16
Gnr. Potts c King b Welch	9
Sergt. Edwards b Forsyth	23
Gnr. Filton b King	5
Lieut. Robertson c Dawson b Tipper	3
Sergt. Wells retired	35
Sergt. Gale c b b Tipper	3
C. Q. M. S. Askey not out	2
Cpl. Frankish c Barton b Forsyth	4
Lieut. Maignan c Barton b Tipper	4
Extras	4
Total	109

Sergt. Buxton did not bat.

Bowling Analysis	
Filton	3
Alexander	5
Wells	5.4
Askey	5
No. 5 Company	0
Harrison	4
Welch	13
King	3
Forsyth	2
Tipper	3.3

BROTHERS MAKE FAST
TIME ON SPEEDWAY

CINCINNATI, May 30.—Louis Chevrolet, travelling at an average rate of more than 100 miles an hour, captured the 250-mile international sweepstakes automobile race at the Sharenville Speedway today, but he was only a few seconds in front of his brother, Gaston Chevrolet. Ira-Vall was less than a sixteenth of a mile behind the second man. The remainder of the field was well strung out.

Perfect Trap Score

SAN JOSE, Cal., May 30.—Colonel H. B. Everding, of Portland, Ore., took the preliminary handicap in the second day of the Interstate Association Trap Shooting tournament here. He had a handicap of 18 and shot a score of 28. Among the professional shots, R. P. Pott, of San Francisco, made a perfect score in the Pacific Coast special, shooting 100 in 100. F. C. Ruhl, of Tacoma, Wash., was second with 98; L. Reid, of Seattle, third, with 96, and P. J. Hlehan, of Portland, followed with 95.

This is the Buckle

PRESIDENT

The Identical Genuine President Suspenders

ARRANGEMENTS MADE
FOR NEW DIVISIONS

Collegiate Schoolmen Last Night to
 Exchange Plans for Second Division
 and Junior League

The Victoria and District Cricket Association met at the Christ Church Cathedral schoolmen last night to complete arrangements for the start of the second division and junior cricket leagues. The following entries were reported by Secretary Lock for the second division league: Spencer's, Copas and Young, Recreational Cricket Club, Esquimalt Military Convalescent Hospital, Garrison second eleven, and Neathaven Military Convalescent Hospital.

For the junior league the following entries were reported: Esquimalt School, 3rd Troop Victoria, Boy Scouts, Crusaders, and St. James. Another meeting will be held on Saturday, and the playing schedules will then be submitted.

FAMOUS TROTTER IS
DEAD OF OLD AGE

Thirty Years Ago Shamrock Was Sold
 Sensational Purchase—Last Night
 of for a Generation

Lost eight of by turfmen for more than a quarter of a century the noted trotter, Shamrock, 2:25, died of old age at Columbia, B. C., a few days ago, revealing another interesting instance of man's benevolent solicitude for the welfare of favorite horses.

Shamrock was the last of three equine veterans owned many years by the late Charles Leckie of Columbia, who left \$40,000 to the city for educational purposes and \$9,000 more to be used in promoting justice to animals. John M., the first of the trio to die, at the ripe old age of 28, was buried in the grounds of the Leckie school.

Lucy Norton, another of the trio, died shortly after John M., in the Fall of 1915, at the advanced age of 25.

Thirty years ago, when sensational performances by yearling 2-year-olds, and 3-year-olds from the breeding farms of Gov. Stanford, L. J. Rose and Count George Valensin were attracting attention to California as a nursery for colts, Shamrock was the fastest youngster in the state and on the world. Foaled in 1884, at Count Valensin's Arno Ranch, he trotted in 2:15 in a race for 2-year-olds at San Francisco in 1894. Mr. Logan bought him in Cleveland in 1895, and on Fern Leaf, by Flaxtail, produced the paces Thistle, 2:13 1/4, and Gold Leaf, 2:14 1/4, for which the late John H. Ruhlts once paid many thousands of dollars.

The owner of Shamrock was an old-time horseman, who had the chestnut mare Emma Patchen, dam of George W., 2:14 1/4, and Lena Wilkes, 2:20 1/4, in his stable for nearly forty years.

MOTOR CLUB MEETS

Board Meeting of Island Automobile Association Held Last Evening—Consider
 Summer's Work

A board meeting of the newly elected officers of the Island Automobile Association was held at the Empress Hotel last night. President George McGreggor presided for the first time since being advanced to the head of the organization. The meeting was well attended and a large amount of routine business was disposed of.

The association is preparing for much broader activities during the present summer season and many details of the work have been brought into shape. The affiliations which were established by Secretary C. L. Harris of the club during his recent tour of the Georgian Circuit were confirmed by the meeting. This will make it possible for the secretary to keep in closer touch with intending motorist visitors to the island, through being in receipt of regular advice from the associations on the mainland and on Puget Sound. By an interchange of guest cards, a traveler may be assured of being taken care of throughout his tour. The various members on the board of the island club, representative as they are of the various districts along the Vancouver Island highways, secure a practical working organization for the club.

Secretary Harris will leave on Monday next for an inspection of the island and roads and will pay particular attention to the matter of guide signs and other conveniences for the motorist.

It was decided that a club run should be held by the members to the Cowichan Fair, which will be held in September.

JOFFRE FAVORS SPORT

Marshal Joffre, who stood at the Marne and saved Paris from the German invaders, said, while on his recent visit to New York, "A soldier must play as well as fight, or he is not a good soldier. Just as a civilian must rest and play to be most efficient in their work."

Dillon and Chip Draw

CINCINNATI, May 30.—Jack Dillon, of Indianapolis, and George Chip, of Newcastle, Pa., fought 10 slow rounds to a draw here last night.

Chess Champion Dies

CHICAGO, May 30.—H. F. Lee, noted chess player and writer, died at his home here yesterday, aged 82. He was former Western chess champion, and many times president and secretary of the Western Chess Association.

Brotherhood Gets Decision

BOSTON, May 30.—Johnny Dundee, of New York, was awarded a referee's decision after a 15-round bout with Rocky Kennas, of Buffalo, N. Y., last night.

ORDER DISCUSSES
EDUCATING ALIENS

Mrs. George H. Smith Touches
 on Vital Question in Paper
 Read Before Annual Meeting
 of I.O.D.E.

"Not the least important of the many lessons taught by the war, is the necessity for national self-examination," said Mrs. George H. Smith, National Educational Secretary of the I.O.D.E., in a speech on "Educational Work of the Order," at yesterday morning's session in the Empress Hotel. Continuing she said:

"We have examined ourselves as to our resources—our men physically fit to our available finances—our ready supplies of material necessary for the accomplishment of our part in this world-wide conflict," she declared.

"Our war loans have been over-supplied and munitions of war have flowed out from our shores in steady streams. We have cared for those who have been left behind. The thousands of wounded and unfit, who are daily returning home are being housed and fed and given medical treatment. We have mourned with those who mourn, and we have raised our memorials to the heroes who have fallen."

The speaker continuing referred to the large contributions made to the funds of the Allies. She considered that as a nation, there should be no weak spots in the armor, but unfortunately there was one particular, in which as a nation Canada has failed. There were those who lived under the flag who had given no response in some or substance. "The Duke of Connaught had referred to these people, and the fact that the cry of 'One King, One Flag, One Empire,' had been meaningless to them, when he said that it would be wise for Canada to have its future citizens of British stock."

"During the last three decades," she continued, "great waves of immigration have flowed into the country and the newcomers were given a generous reception to the unequalled opportunities of the Dominion. Nowhere else could they have found such an unlimited measure of freedom, and yet when the teaching of English, night schools were insufficient in number, night teaching came as an inopportune time, but there was no system of compulsory attendance, and not enough attention was paid to the women."

"The history of the country should be taught to the foreigners," she said.

Before the noon adjournment there took place a discussion upon the problems of Canada with the foreign population. Opinion was general that some immediate action should be taken to implant Canadian principles firmly in the minds of foreigners, and to bring to them a full realization that a country worth living in was worth the observing of its citizenship principles.

Mrs. Ralph Smith, of Vancouver, made a speech of considerable length upon this subject and was heartily applauded. She opened her remarks by likening the national convention to the great clearing house for ideas. As to the foreign element, she emphasized that something must be done at once. However, she continued, it was easy to criticize and tear down, but not so easy to offer something constructive. In time, Canada would find the foreign

question would be an astounding problem, just as it had been in the United States. While she was not a flag-waver, nor a badge-wearer, herself, Mrs. Smith said, yet there had perhaps been too much criticism of the flag-waving in the United States. She drew attention to the fact that school children are made to salute the stars and stripes every morning. Though Canada was not a flag-waving country, the speaker said, yet the time would come when the school children in this country should learn to salute their flag.

"The time has come," declared Mrs. Smith, "when we must put the foreign born through the mill and roll them out Canadians." (applause) "They who are willing to come here and accept all the privileges of this country, must live up to the principles of the country, or leave it. It is the greatest country under the sun, and if it is good enough to live in, it is good enough to live up to its principles of citizenship."

"We must maintain our Canadian institutions at any cost, even if it means life and blood. The time will come when we must face the situation seriously."

In conclusion, Mrs. Smith said the people to start the campaign, were the members of the I.O.D.E.—the mothers, wives and daughters.

of all nationalities and classes who have taken up their homes across the border line. She asked the I. O. D. E. to undertake to awaken a national consciousness, such as that inspiring the French people and the Britons. In their work they would be met with criticism of three kinds. That from those who said that the country was in a hopeless condition, such as the United States, and could only be saved by a great war between labor and capital, or between the nation and some foreign power; those who say that the nation is young and is yet to find its sinews; and those who say that the correction of conditions can be secured only by more rigorous immigration laws. The speaker urged that the stranger in Canada must be brought into close and intimate knowledge of ideals and traditions, and be made to understand the spiritual consciousness of the nation.

"It is in that point that we too have failed in giving school opportunities to the 1,162,104 aliens, who have sought a home here from 1836 to 1911. We have expected no return. We have not asked them to share with us our responsibilities to learn our form of Government, our language and literature, our traditions and history."

Teach English Language

"And now I come to the plan of campaign laid down by the experienced workers along these lines. How to make British subjects of the aliens is a task developing not entirely upon the Government, nor the individual. It is a process which through organizations, conferences, clubs, groups and the individual must affect the attitude of the citizen towards his alien brother, and aim by educational methods and direct appeal to legislation to elaborate by law whatever the laws alone can achieve. The work of education is therefore two-fold. The British Canadian must realize the conditions, necessities and difficulties of the foreign born and the latter must be kindly and sympathetically, but firmly taught British ideals and the English language."

The speaker considered that all matters of religious creed must be swept aside. She declared that every effort should be made to promulgate the teaching of English. Night schools were insufficient in number, night teaching came as an inopportune time, but there was no system of compulsory attendance, and not enough attention was paid to the women.

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Gordons

739 Yates St. Phone 8510

The Latest Novelties in
Summer Dress Voiles

For today's selling we call your attention to our range of Fancy Dress Voiles, now much in demand for Summer frocks. We mention below a few lines worthy of your attention, at a very popular price.

Reception Voile, a very choice fabric, very quaint chints design of pastel colorings on groundwork of blue and brown; 30 ins. wide. Yard 50c
 Pompadour Voile, a dainty seed voile, white ground with pretty floral effects, in daffodil, pink and apple green; 30 ins. wide. Yd 50c
 Tartan Voile. This is a very stylish material, in some of the new colorings of pink, green, daffodil on a grey tartan check, making it very smart and effective; 30 ins. wide. Yard 50c
 —Wash Goods Section, in Basement

Stamped Centrepieces at Special Prices

Stamped Centrepieces, in pretty floral patterns, for satin, eyelet and French knot stitches. Stamped on excellent quality white clover beach linen. Size 24 inches. Price 50c
 Stamped Centrepieces, in butterfly, floral, bird and basket designs to be embroidered in French and buttonhole embroidery. Stamped on pure round thread white linen. Size 22x22 inches. Price \$1.25
 —Art Needlework, Main Floor

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The position which Bismarck holds in the memory of his countrymen is aptly illustrated by the fact that the question of "What would Bismarck have done?" is one always asked before embarking on any political venture. This is particularly the case just now, when the question of internal reform is before the German rulers and people. In this connection it is pointed out that Bismarck often said very emphatically: "We aim at and desire the utmost degree of freedom, independence and popular representation that is in any way compatible with the security and permanence of our institutions." And from that it is argued that, were he alive today, the Iron Chancellor would be both heartily and for reform.

"We must maintain our Canadian institutions at any cost, even if it means life and blood. The time will come when we must face the situation seriously."

In conclusion, Mrs. Smith said the people to start the campaign, were the members of the I.O.D.E.—the mothers, wives and daughters.

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"The time has come," declared Mrs. Smith, "when we must put the foreign born through the mill and roll them out Canadians." (applause) "They who are willing to come here and accept all the privileges of this country, must live up to the principles of the country, or leave it. It is the greatest country under the sun, and if it is good enough to live in, it is good enough to live up to its principles of citizenship."

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DELEGATES GUESTS AT GOVERNMENT HOUSE

Mrs. Henry Croft Presented With Insignia of Honor Conferred Upon Her by Duke of Connaught

The beautiful ballroom at Government House was thronged last evening at the formal reception tendered by the Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Barnard to the president and officers of the National Chapter, and the visiting members of the Imperial Order of the Daughters of the Empire. Nearly 400 guests were present.

During the evening, a musical programme was given by several of Victoria's most popular artists. Songs were sung by Mrs. W. F. Brougham, of Vancouver, Mrs. Jesse Longfield, Miss Eva Mart, and Mrs. Macdonald Fahey.

Mrs. Henry Croft, president of the Provincial Chapter in British Columbia was presented with the insignia of a Lady of Grace of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem by the Lieut.-Gov. error. This honor was conferred upon Mrs. Croft last year at the suggestion of H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught, but the badge was only received a few days ago at Government House. In making the presentation, His Honor referred to the splendid work of Mrs. Croft in all the undertakings of the order since its formation, and also spoke of the present occasion as being a most fitting time for the presentation, when so many members of the order were assembled. Mrs. Barnard and Mrs. Gooderham accompanied Mrs. Croft when she went forward to receive the decoration. Mrs. Gooderham spoke a few words of congratulation to Mrs. Croft.

During the evening a buffet supper was served.

ENTERTAIN VISITORS

Mrs. F. R. Pemberton and Mrs. R. P. Butchart, Will Be Hostesses to Daughters of Empire

Mrs. F. R. Pemberton has very kindly invited the visiting officers, delegates and visiting members, I. O. D. E., to tea at Mount Joy in the later afternoon today. Mrs. Pemberton will be assisted by Provincial and municipal officers for British Columbia and Victoria. Transportation will be arranged from the Empress Hotel at 4:30 p.m. All friends lending motors are asked to be at the hotel at this time.

On Saturday Mrs. R. P. Butchart will be at home at her beautiful residence on the Spanish Arm and has extended a like invitation. The secretary will be glad to receive offers of motors to convey the guests. This will be the last entertainment provided, as it will be the last day of the visitors' presence in Victoria.

ROYAL YEAST CAKES

Some women hold to the idea that bread-making is a long and difficult operation, but this is a mistake, for with Royal Yeast Cakes, light, sweet bread can be made in a few hours with but little trouble.

FREE: Our new Royal Yeast Cake Book will be sent free upon request. It contains full instructions for making bread and rolls with Royal Yeast Cakes. Send name and address plainly written and this valuable little book will be mailed promptly.

E. W. GILLET CO. LTD. TORONTO, CANADA MONTREAL

DOROTHY PHILLIPS IS AGAIN ROMANO STAR

The attraction at the Romano Theatre for today, Friday and Saturday, is Dorothy Phillips in a mystifying presentation of "The Girl in the Checkered Coat," a sensational drama in which Miss Phillips will interpret dual roles—playing two sisters utterly unlike in physical and moral characteristics. One is possessed of a sweet disposition, attractive in moral pose and physical charms, while the other is a criminal with facial harshness that reflects her morbid inclinations. It is declared that in playing these entirely different roles, Miss Phillips accomplishes one of the most artistic triumphs ever attained upon the screen. It's a blunder.

PAULINE FREDERICK'S GOWNS DISTINCTIVE

Some of the costumes worn by Pauline Frederick in "Sleeping Pines," her latest Paramount picture, produced by the Famous Players, are extremely artistic and have attracted considerable attention in the world of modistes. While her part does not allow her to wear the showy and elaborate sort of gown she usually displays, still, the quiet walking suits and house frocks worn by Mrs. Bryce in the picture possess a distinction and charm quite noticeable. "Sleeping Pines" is at the Variety Theatre today, Friday and Saturday.

GRIFFITH SPECTACLE STORY OF HUMAN LIFE

"Intolerance" is said freely to be the greatest film the world has ever been shown. Individual taste is always to be considered in a statement of such a character, but there seems to be a general agreement among those who have seen the big Griffith spectacle now running at the Royal Victoria that it is by far the most impressive picture ever offered to the public in this city. Not only is the film itself impressive, but its appeal is heightened by the work of a symphony orchestra of many pieces whose musical strains are made to synchronize with the varying impulses of the story.

There are intervals in the production that, from a spectacular point of view, move the beholder as nothing previously produced may have done. The mind which conceived the action must be, in itself, a colossal one, and that mind went back for some of his settings to the most colossal thing in history—ancient Babylon. It is by vivid contrasts in the analogy between the spirit of those primal human impulses and the one to be found in the slums of present-day civilization, that much of the strength of the feature is found.

It is bewilderingly spectacular. It touches the high-water mark in its own particular line. It is full of thrills, full of movement, full of suggestion, full of human nature. It makes an instant appeal to the imagination, but in common with all great works of art, its superlatives are not fully realized by the spectator till he has had time to think it over, to consider the breadth of its scope, the depth of its meaning, and the thought, research, and genius that have gone to its making. Its brilliant tableaux, its wonders of acting, grouping, and accessories, and its picturesque quality touches a very high point of art. But underlying all the artistry, all the consummate acting and stage management there is the poignant consciousness of humanity. We are face to face with the continuity of the world's history. We respond to the exact portraiture of life as it is in this twentieth century, whether in the millionaire's mansion or the millworker's cottage; but we also tread with reverence the ancient ways of Judea.

We dash in a high-powered automobile to save a young man in whom we have become interested, from execution, having previously lamented over him in a very modern jail. But we are also present at the siege of Babylon, when Cyrus brings his hosts and his machinery against the doomed City of the East. Exchanging the automobile for a madly driven chariot, we witness the treachery of the priests of Bel.

How does Mr. Griffith reconcile these heterogeneous elements of his story? He doesn't! His presentation is just as mixed as life itself is. He realizes, by a flash of insight, that we today are the offspring of the ages; that this life, with its joys and sorrows, its strivings after right and its wallowings in wrong is rooted in the past. No doubt his study of life as shown in this piece is impressionistic. It is intended to be impressionistic.

"EYES OF THE WORLD" IS ANOTHER BIG FILM

An announcement of uncommon interest to theatregoers and book readers alike is that one of the greatest of the year's output of extraordinary attractions involving lavish film production, Clune's multiple-reel pictorial translation of Harold Bell Wright's famous story of love and adventure, "The Eyes of the World," which was booked for presentation here at the Royal Victoria Theatre, commencing Monday, June 4, with a matinee every day.

The production is described briefly as a visualization in photo-drama on a lavish scale—with which is co-ordinated a musical score much the same as in opera—of Wright's red-blooded and romantic novel of California, which has enjoyed a sale of more than 1,000,000 copies. This Clune production, like "Ramona," is said to be a masterpiece in every respect. It is the fruitage of six months' exclusive and unremitting work at the big studios at Los Angeles and on the actual scenes described in the book. Those who have seen the virtue characters of this delightful and stirring novel moving before the eyes as they clash in the struggle of two opposing ideals declare that it is the finest depiction of a current story ever put upon the screen.



"The Princess Beloved" and the High Priest of Bel, in W. D. Griffith's "Intolerance," the feature spectacle at the Royal Victoria this week.



Miss Theda Bara in the leading role of the big feature photoplay to be shown at the Royal Victoria all next week. It is entitled "The Eyes of the World."

THEDA BARA PLAYS LEAD IN "THE VIXEN"

The feature play at the Dominion for the last three days of this week is the William Fox production, "The Vixen." Theda Bara is seen in the leading role.

Elsie Drummond (Theda Bara) has



Scene from the Dominion feature for the remainder of this week.

"The Eyes of the World" consumes an entire afternoon or evening in its showing. The scenario was prepared by the noted author himself, and in performing this work he considerably amplified his tale, which now in visual form carries the characters through two generations.

The photodrama is said to be of brilliant character, forming a magnificent background for the fascinating tale. The outdoor scenes are said to form a wonderful panorama of California's charms of mountain and vale. Besides amplifying the story, Harold Bell Wright actively assisted in putting his scenes and characters before the camera. It is said that novel innovations, both in the dramatic unfolding of the story and in the technical form of presentation, will stamp "The Eyes of the World" as a milestone in the development of cinema entertainment.

Bessie had just received a bright new dime and was starting out to invest in an ice-cream soda.

"Why don't you give your money to the missionaries?" asked the minister, who was calling at the house.

"I thought about that," said Bessie, "but I think I will buy the ice-cream soda and let the drugist give the money to the missionaries—Ladies' Home Journal."

one idea in life,—to gain power. To do this, she does not scruple about means. If she sees a way to conquest, she takes it. Irrespective of the obstacles in her way.

That is why Elsie uses her first opportunity to take Martin Stevens (A. H. Van Burne) away from her sister, Helen (Mary Martin). But Stevens loses his money, and Elsie casts him off. Then she meets Knowles Murray (Herbert Hayes), another admirer of her sister, and she captivates him. He marries her, and takes her to Paris with him.

A few years later, Elsie and her husband and children return to Washington. Stevens is wealthy again, and trying to win Helen's hand. But the girl does not love him, and she has been deluded so often, through her sister's plots, that she has no more faith in men.

Elsie makes a final effort to bring Stevens back to her. Then he realizes what tricks she played on him before, how she had forged letters, and arranged meetings, and he wants to denounce her to her husband. But Helen knows that the revelation of this to Murray will mean the future unhappiness of his children, and she prevails on Stevens to be silent.

Elsie, chastened for once, returns to her husband.

PANTAGES ARTIST IS PREPARING TO SERVE

Leonard Hollister Will Join Aviation School as Soon as He Reaches San Diego—Father Is Colonel

The spirit to do one's bit seems to have found particularly fertile ground in the ranks of the actor folk. This has been particularly noticeable on this continent since the joining of the United States with the Allies in the Great War, so it is not a surprise to find on the bill at the Pantages this week an actor who is determined to get action along the shortest possible route, even if at a great sacrifice to himself. He expects to leave the circuit at San Diego in order to join the aviation school. This is Mr. Leonard Hollister, of the team of Stevens and Hollister, which offers one of the attractive items of the current Pantages programme. Perhaps Hollister may be said to come honestly by his impulse to be in the service, for his father, Col. U. S. Hollister, gained his rank through service in the American Civil War. Anyway, Leonard is studying theoretical aviation with all his might between acts, and his dressing room resembles a real workshop as progress may be noted on working models of the various aeroplane types. Military routine will be no new thing to him since he is a graduate of the Western Military Academy in Illinois.

Every member on the bill at Pantages this week contributes to a programme which provides one of the best balanced, most entertaining and clearest entertainments offered the patrons of this vaudeville house for several weeks.

With such a unique turn as is provided by the marvelous Japanese, Tameo Kajiyama, and the ever-renewed one-act musical comedy, "Six Peaches and a Pair," as headliners, the programme is indeed satisfying.

The marvelous work of the Japanese will-power expert, Tameo Kajiyama, must be seen to be fully appreciated. He presents a remarkable demonstration of mind concentration. He shows the possibility of reading, writing, listening, talking and figuring all at one and the same time. The number is a feast for lovers of the unique and scientific.

"Six Peaches and a Pair" is a bright and clean tableau, full of wholesome fun. Frank Sinclair and Cliff Dixon, "The Pair," are clever actors and comedians, and are supported by a bevy of pretty girls—the peaches. The act is not one of the aimless, vulgar and nonsensical comedies which are too often encountered on the vaudeville boards, but is a gloom dispelling and bright headliner, which is winning hearty favor on the Pantages circuit.

Leonard Stephens and Leonard Hollister are a lively duo, who offer a skit which the audience appreciates immensely.

Olson and Johnson are versatile entertainers, heard to good advantage in an attractive vocal and instrumental act. Olson, also, is a ventriloquist of outstanding ability.

The wonderful dexterity of Carl and Victor Pedersen marks them as trapeze artists and comedy acrobatic athletes who are masters of their art.

Wrist watches are the style at present; you can be up-to-date by securing one of Haynes' reliable 7-jewel wrist watches at \$5. 1124 Government Street.

PANTAGES THEATRE

ALL THIS WEEK
TAMEO KAJIYAMA
Quadruple Mind Concentration
"THE BEAUTY ORCHARD"
"Six Peaches and a Pair"
And other big acts.
Matinee, 8. Night, 7 and 9.

The Douglas Tea Gardens

Open Afternoon and Evening
FREE ADMISSION

Ices, Sundaes, Soft Drinks, and other light refreshments. Music at intervals.

Delightful evening resort, artistically lighted.

Victoria's New Beauty Spot.

Entrance on Douglas Street

Royal Victoria Theatre

Only 3 Days More

D. W. GRIFFITHS'

Intolerance

Love's Struggle Throughout the Ages

Never before in the history of dramatic entertainment has such a stupendous and thrilling spectacle been presented to the public

It Is the World's Greatest Amusement Feature

Marvelous Accompanying Music by a Large Symphony Orchestra and Choir of Metropolitan Artists

Prices: Matinee, 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00
Evening, 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50

DOMINION Today, Friday and Saturday

THEDA BARA

in her new photoplay

The Vixen

It is a passion which ends with her own defeat

See this photoplay which portrays the wiles of a fascinating woman

Written by Mary Murillo; Directed by J. Gordon Edwards

VARIETY Presents

Today, Friday, Saturday

Pauline Frederick Sleeping Fires

A powerful story of mother-love and self-sacrifice Produced by Famous Players

Variety Orchestra

Accompanied by Jesse L. Longfield at the Organ
USUAL PRICES

Royal Victoria One Week Commencing Monday, June 4 Twice Daily, 2:30 and 8:15

Prices—Matinee, 15c, 25c, 50c; Evenings, 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c

Over 5,000,000 people who have read the thrilling story can now see it in the Greatest Cinema Achievement of the times.

Clune's Lavish Production of Harold Bell Wright's

THE EYES OF THE WORLD

Ten Gorgeous Staged on Actual Seven Months in Acts in Scenes of Making at Motion Pictures Famous Romance Unlimited Cost Made by Clune, Associate Producer of "The Birth of a Nation"

ROMANO

Today, Friday, Saturday

BLUEBIRD

Photoplays Present the Clever Screen Beauty

DOROTHY PHILLIPS

"The Girl in the Checkered Coat"

A Sensational Master Drama

MADAME EVELYN BENNETT-BROCK

Formerly Milan, Barcelona, New York

Voice Production

LAMPERTI METHOD

Studio, 212-214 Stuart-Park Building

Victoria, B.C.

NORTHERN EXPLORERS ON WAY TO NEW YORK

Ship Bound for Copenhagen
Has Two Members of Macmillan-Crocker Land Expedition Aboard.

NEW YORK, May 29.—All members of the Macmillan-Crocker Land expedition are safe and well, none died during their four-year isolation in the frozen North, and two of the explorers are already on route to civilization, after a 1,500-mile dog sled trip across an icy desert. This was revealed in a cablegram to the American Museum of Natural History, which backed the enterprise.

The cablegram was from Dr. Harrison H. Hunt, surgeon of the party. He sent it from Thorshaven, in the Farsø Islands, where he has arrived on the steamer Hannevad, on his way to Copenhagen. The message said:

"Macmillan, Comer, Small, Hovey at Etah. Steamer Denmark in North Star Bay, Etah at Godhavn."

Since as it was, the cablegram gave those in touch with the expedition an inkling of the story behind it, bringing to civilization another romance of the North, a taste of three years' hardship and suffering.

Last Relief Ship

Etah, where most of the party remained, in the northernmost headquarters of the expedition. The steamer Denmark, reported at North Star Bay, is 150 miles south of Etah, but within easy sledging distance. The Denmark was the last relief ship dispatched to aid the lost explorers. It carried a year's provisions, which have probably been sledged to Etah, thus relieving the hunger of the men who have just emerged from the long Arctic night.

Leaving their companions at Etah, Hunt and Ekblaw, geologists of the expedition, travelled 1,500 miles by sledge across frozen Melville Bay to Godhavn on the Greenland Coast, in a dash for civilization. They were probably unable to use the Denmark, as it would be frozen at this season. Arriving at Godhavn, Ekblaw remained, while Dr. Hunt sailed for Copenhagen.

At Thorshaven he sent his message the first word received since July 10, 1914, before the last six months of darkness closed down on the men. Museum officials here believe Hunt should be in Copenhagen in a few days and in New York a month later.

In case those remaining at Etah are unable to come out without more help, another relief ship, the Neptune, will sail from St. John's Nfld., and go to their rescue in July. The 1,500-mile dog sled route across the frozen wilderness of Melville Bay to Godhavn, over the frozen sea, was followed by Prof. Tanqueray, Ensign Green and Jerome Lee Allen, when they dashed out last year. Dr. Hunt and Ekblaw had no means of knowing whether these men survived the trip, or whether their bodies would be found in the frozen waste.

Dr. E. O. Hovey, curator of geology at the museum, and Captain George Comer, mentioned in Hunt's cablegram, were members of the first relief expedition sent after the original party. Their ship was smashed in the pack ice and the mysterious North swallowed them up, their fate remaining unknown until it was definitely learned they had survived desperate hardships and after a long trip effected a junction with the main party.

UNITED STATES WILL RUSH SHIPBUILDING

All Differences Between Goethals and Shipping Board Smoothed Out — To Build Steel and Wood Craft.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—Differences between Chairman Denham of the shipping board and Major General Goethals, manager of the board's emergency fleet corporation, over the board's shipbuilding campaign have been cleared away, it is stated, and the corporation will proceed with construction of both steel and wooden ships.

It was said authoritatively that General Goethals will be given a free rein in the shipbuilding programme and that there will be no interference from the board. Shipbuilding will be put entirely in his hands and the board will exercise its other functions as prescribed in the law creating it. Operation of the fleet, therefore, will be in the hands of the chairman.

Chairman Denham has disclaimed responsibility for the statement that the board could build 1,000 wooden ships in eighteen months. That assertion, it is said, was made by one of the engineers who proposed the wooden shipbuilding programme because the board did not care to give any comfort to the German.

General Goethals has accepted proposals by the United States Steel Corporation and the Lackawanna Steel & Iron Co. to turn out by fabrication processes 1,000,000 tons of steel shipbuilding in eighteen months and will let contracts for wooden vessels as fast as wooden builders come forward with facilities for building them.

Wooden contracts announced yesterday call for sixteen vessels to be constructed by the Ocean Shipyard Corporation of Seattle; four by the George Harbor Motorship Corporation of Aberdeen, Wash., and four by the Coast Shipbuilding Company at Portland, Ore. Six steel craft will be built by the Skinner & Eddy Corporation of Seattle. The vessels will be of 1,500 tons each.

THE TIME BALL

The time ball on the Bell Tower Building will be raised half-mast high at 12:45 p.m., to the top at 1:00 p.m., and will be dropped at 1 p.m. daily.

T. HARRIS-DUNN
Superintendent

WIRELESS REPORT

(By Government Wireless)

6 p.m.

Point Grey—Clear; N. E. light; 59.65; 70; sea smooth.

Cape Lazo—Clear; N. W. light; 59.84; 42; sea smooth. 11:15 a.m. Spoke 88, Prince Albert, in Seymour Narrows, southbound; 12:20 p.m.—Spoke 88, Spokane, 230 miles N. of Seattle, southbound.

Pachem—Overcast; S. W.; 59.12; 43; sea smooth.

Kotelav—Overcast; S. E. light; 59.91; 47; sea smooth.

Alert Bay—Clear; N. W. fresh; 59.89; 54; sea smooth. Spoke 88, Cordova, 50 miles N. of Seymour Narrows, at noon, northbound; 5:20 p.m.—Spoke 88, Canon, in Millbank Bay 5:15 p.m., northbound.

Triangle—For; N. W. light; 59.58; 47; dense seaward. 5:20 p.m.—Spoke 88, Princess Sophia, off Pine Island, northbound; 5:15 a.m.—Spoke 88, Chelohin, in Millbank Sound, southbound; 11:10 a.m.—Spoke 88, Alaska, abeam, southbound.

Dead Tree—Cloudy; S. E. light; 59.19; 54; sea moderate.

Heda—Cloudy; S. W. light; 59.39; 47; sea smooth.

Prince Rupert—Cloudy; S. light; 59.03; 50; sea smooth. 5:30 a.m.—Passed in, Tillamook, southbound; 10:20 a.m.—Passed in, SS. Prince George, northbound; 2 p.m.—Passed out, SS. Prince John, northbound.

ENGINES BECOME DISABLED AT SEA

O.S.K. Liner Hawaii Maru Put
Back to Seattle for Repairs
—Left Victoria Friday
Bound for Hongkong.

The Japanese liner Hawaii Maru, one of the largest steamships operating in the Osaka Shosen Kaisha service between Victoria and Puget Sound ports and the Far East, is back again in Seattle. She left Victoria Friday night last for Hongkong and had gone about 300 miles on her long journey when she experienced engine trouble of such a serious nature that she was compelled to put back for repairs.

The only advice received by the local agents is to the effect that the air pump of the main engine went out of commission, but further details would most likely disclose the fact that the machinery of the vessel was badly affected by the mishap, as it is understood the repairs will take a considerable time to complete.

It is not expected that the liner will be ready to put to sea again until the latter part of next week. She left here on the Orient with a capacity cargo of about 10,000 tons, together with a good list of passengers.

The Hawaii was able to make her way back to Seattle without assistance.

GEORGE WASHINGTON TO CARRY RIVER BOAT

Stern-Wheeler Built Here Will Cross Pacific in Role of Big Motorship

Mr. Norman Yarrow, of Yarrow, Limited, states that the steel stern-wheel vessel constructed at the local plant for use on the rivers of India, which was supposed to have been shipped across the Pacific on the Blue Funnel liner Proteus, will now go forward on the new 10,000-ton motorship George Washington.

The Proteus, together with the Ision and Talythius, which formerly operated in the trans-Pacific trade, were commandeered by the Government, and Dodwell & Company, agents for the Blue Funnel Line, have arranged for the chartering of space on the George Washington, and two Japanese steamers.

Yarrow, Limited, is at present building two of the river steamers of the same class as the one being shipped on the George Washington, making a total of four boats contracted for with this firm. The hulls are shipped, knocked down, in crates to their destination, and the boilers and machinery are manufactured and shipped out to India by the parent concern in the Old Country. One boat went forward some time ago on one of the Blue Funnel boats. Good progress is being made on the two steamers now under construction here.

Wrist watches are the style at present; you can be up-to-date by securing one of Haynes' reliable 7-jewel wrist watches at \$5. 1124 Government Street.

Fresh

and

Tempting

—crisp to the tooth—melting in the mouth—a delightful treat—that's

Som-Mor Biscuit

The kiddies love these plain, wholesome sodas, and so do the grown-ups!

In Packages Only.

Our GRAHAM WAFERS

help the children build bones and muscles.

THE TIME BALL

The time ball on the Bell Tower Building will be raised half-mast high at 12:45 p.m., to the top at 1:00 p.m., and will be dropped at 1 p.m. daily.

T. HARRIS-DUNN
Superintendent

North-West Biscuit Co., Limited
EMERSON - ALTA.

CONTRACT LET FOR FOUR WOODEN SHIPS

Imperial Munitions Board
Places First Order With
Foundations Company, Ltd.,
for Vessels to Be Built Here.

Plans will be laid down immediately by the Foundations Company, Limited, for the building of four steam schooners under contracts given out by the Imperial Munitions Board, represented on this coast by Mr. R. P. Butchart, director, and Capt. J. W. Troup, assistant director, under whose direction the wooden shipbuilding programme will be carried out in British Columbia. The contracts entail the expenditure of \$15,000,000, and it is understood that the allotment of contracts will provide for the building of 11 vessels on Vancouver Island, eight at Vancouver and five at New Westminster.

The interests of the various plants on Vancouver Island and the Mainland, where machinery for the schooners can be manufactured, have pooled their interests, and the various parts required will be turned out at the several plants having the facilities best suited for their particular work.

While it was definitely announced yesterday afternoon by the representatives here of the Munitions Board that the Foundations Company would build four of the ships, it does not necessarily mean that this company will be limited to that number of vessels. All indications point to the contrary, as the company has secured an extensive site capable of handling a large fleet of ships. Fifteen hundred feet of space on the Songhees Reserve will be taken up, commencing at and including the site of Turpel's Marine Railway, thence extending down to the site of the new Marine Department's depot, taking up land in the rear thereof, and from there continuing again along the waterfront a distance of 800 or 900 feet including the frontage made by the stone fill.

Has Excellent Site

This site will give the company excellent facilities for the launching of ships, as the boats will slide down the ways into the deep water of the main channel going out of the harbor. The comparatively level ground in the rear of this waterfront will give ample room for the construction of the various buildings necessary.

Mr. W. I. Bishop, who is the head of the Foundations Company, states that the work will be carried out with the utmost dispatch. Stories of the activities of this big concern have been circulating about the streets for some days past, and it was generally understood that everything was being put in shape for an immediate start on the Munition Board's shipbuilding programme, but an official announcement of what arrangements had been entered into was withheld pending the settling up of final details.

One of the greatest difficulties confronting the shipbuilding industry in British Columbia was the shortage of skilled labor to carry on the work proposed. It was suggested some time ago in The Colonist that the authorities at Ottawa might help to overcome this difficulty by making use of the National Registration cards, by which the Government recently was enabled to draw up the man power of Canada, and summing men from different parts of the Dominion for the various crafts required.

Skilled Labor Provided

Arrangements have been made whereby more than 600 skilled mechanics, ship-carriers and other workmen can be obtained in the East, the men having been selected from different points. They are expected to arrive here this week, and will be ready to go ahead with the preliminary work at the shipbuilding yards Monday. In addition to those coming from the East all the available men in this district will be utilized, and as the shipbuilding programme will call for an even larger body of employees, it will only be a short time before others will be sent out to this coast from other Canadian districts.

The contingent of men will require extensive housing accommodations, and Mr. Bishop is therefore advertising in the local papers in order that they may be placed in suitable quarters immediately upon their arrival. Many of them will be followed later by their families, and it is believed the increase in population and in the monthly payrolls will have a beneficial effect that will not be long in making itself apparent.

Advocates Steel Ships Also

Dispatches from Washington announce that Major Goethals has succeeded in arranging with the United States steel corporation for the fabrication of 5,000,000 tons of shipbuilding material within the next 18 months, while many wooden ships will also be provided for as are considered warranted.

In view of the close association of Canadian and United States authorities in the working out of the shipbuilding programme, to effect the destruction of shipping by submarines, and the success attending the determination of the United States Government's shipbuilding director to build steel vessels, many local people interested in shipbuilding have expressed the hope that steel shipbuilding will also be carried out here to the fullest extent possible under the circumstances in order to guarantee the Empire's present standing in the mercantile world after the conclusion of hostilities.

Following the initial step in placing the contract for four wooden ships with the Foundations Company, Limited, announcement will be made in due course of the placing of further orders for ships of this class with various shipbuilders in the Province.

GOVERNMENT DOUBLES PORTLAND SHIP ORDER

PORTLAND, Ore., May 28.—The Government dropped an additional plum for Portland by doubling its order for wooden ships to be built at the Peninsula Shipbuilding Company and awarded contracts for four more vessels, according to an announcement today. Government contracts for the emergency fleet so far known to have been placed here now number 12 vessels, valued at approximately \$12,000,000.

Other developments in the shipbuilding industry here today are: Breaking ground for a large sawmill to cut only ship timbers; plans for the big Twenty Three car shops and steel plant to enter the shipbuilding business, and the starting of a shipbuilding plant to be owned jointly by the railroad contracting firm of Grant Smith & Company, Foster Bros. and Guthrie, McGowan & Company.



Bedrock in Prices

Glance over the Dunlop Automobile Tire Prices of representative sizes shown below and keep these facts in mind:—

¶ No other standard make of tires can be purchased at lower prices than Dunlop Tires sell at. (If so, they must be "seconds.")

¶ No other standard make of tires can show reasons why they should be purchased at higher prices than Dunlop Tires sell at.

¶ Tires lower-priced than Dunlop mean a loss to you in the end.

¶ Tires higher-priced than Dunlop mean a loss to you at the beginning and no gain to you in the end.

¶ If anybody tells you they have lower-priced tires than Dunlop, tell them possibly so but more than likely their tires are Unknown and Untried.

¶ If anybody tries to sell you higher-priced tires than Dunlop, ask them to name a single virtue in their product not found in Dunlop Tires—"Traction Tread," "Special," or "Plain."

¶ Dunlop prices are standardized prices for standardized Quality. Dunlop Tires have been made in Canada since 1894. Therefore, Dunlop means "Dean of the Tire Industry."

Size	Dunlop "Plain"	Dunlop "Special"	Dunlop "Traction"
30 x 3 1/2	\$20.00	\$23.00	\$26.00
31 x 4	30.00	34.50	40.50
32 x 4	31.80	36.80	42.95
33 x 4	33.60	38.65	45.35
34 x 4	34.80	40.00	47.00
33 x 4 1/2	43.55	50.10	58.80
34 x 4 1/2	45.35	52.15	61.20
35 x 4 1/2	47.50	54.65	64.10
36 x 4 1/2	48.80	55.90	65.60
37 x 5	58.55	67.30	79.05

NOTE—The new 31 x 3 1/2 special over-size tire, made in regular clincher type only, is particularly adapted for cars taking 30 x 3 1/2 rims. Supplied with "Special Tread" only, \$26.00.

A. B. Co.

DUNLOP TIRES

PHONE 2190

Dunlop Tire & Rubber Goods Co., Limited

853 Yates St., - - Victoria

LEAGUE'S REQUEST NOT BEFORE PREMIER

Maybe Today the Demand for
Investigation Into Alleged
Contributions to Campaign
Funds Will Be Forthcoming.

So far, Premier Brewster stated last night, he has received no representations from the Liberal League of Vancouver asking him to pledge himself that there shall be a thorough investigation into the whole question of the contributions to campaign funds of the two political parties.

At a meeting at Vancouver on Tuesday night of that wing of the Liberal party there, it was decided that, should the Premier give assurance that such an investigation would be held not later than June, the league would endorse the candidature of Attorney-General J. W. D. Harris, who will be the Liberal candidate at the forthcoming by-election there on June 3.

The league, which is composed of the so-called purty element of the Liberal party in Vancouver, and through the efforts of prominent members of which the recent charges against the former Attorney-General were made, which resulted in the latter's resignation, is taking a keen interest in the by-election. They were represented on the floor of the Legislature by Messrs. J. S. Cowper and Dr. McIntosh, and at the recent session those members pressed for full investigation into the whole matter of campaign fund contributions. In fact, it was Mr. Cowper who presented amendments to the bill introduced by the Premier to appoint a judicial commission to investigate the "plugging" scandal arising out of the by-election in Vancouver in February of last year, an investigation persistently asked for by the league. Mr. Cowper's amendments proposed to have that commission go into the question of alleged contributions by the P.G.R. Railway heads to the Liberal campaign funds, but they were turned down by the House on the plea of the Premier that the bill to appoint the commission to investigate the "plugging" charges had been drafted by the counsel for the commission and should not be changed.

On the last night of the session the Premier made public announcement that the Government would hold an investigation into all matters in which a probe was deemed necessary to remove from the members of the Legislature suspicion, which of late had reflected upon the House. But no date was suggested by the Premier for such an inquiry.

The Liberal League does not promise that it will enter a candidate against Mr. Harris even if the Premier does not give the asked-for assurance, but that

would appear to be the meaning of its stand.

Probably today a deputation representing the Liberal League will arrive in Victoria with the purpose of interviewing the Premier and urging that he give the assurance asked for by the League.

Yesterday Mr. G. G. McGeer, Liberal member for Richmond, arrived in the city. Genial as ever, he was not at all communicative as to his mission. Last night a number of politicians, including former Attorney-General Macdonald, Mr. McGeer, Hon. Mr. Sloan and others were in conference at the Empress Hotel.

ELECT OFFICERS AT GENERAL MEETING

Y. W. C. A. Members Choose
New Directors and Officers
for Ensuing Year—Secretaries' Reports Received.

The annual general membership meeting of the Young Women's Christian Association was held yesterday evening in the association's quarters, on Douglas Street, with Miss Fawcett in the chair. After devotional services, led by Mrs. A. R. Brown, the report of the previous meeting was read by the corresponding secretary, Mrs. F. C. Nivins, which was followed by the reading of the report of the general-secretary, Miss Marlett, of the year's work.

The meeting then proceeded to the election of the following directors to serve for a term of three years: Mrs. Beckwith, Mrs. W. Colman, Mrs. J. L. Grimmason, Mrs. W. M. Mitchell, Mrs. McNaughton, Miss Lillian Dowrie, Mrs. T. B. Brown, Miss A. J. Fawcett, Miss J. Gilbert, Mrs. E. B. Smith and Miss H. Henderson, thus bringing the total of directors on the board to twenty-seven.

Officers elected for the ensuing year were: Mrs. Beckwith, president; Mrs. T. B. Brown, first vice-president; Mrs. F. C. Nivins, third vice-president; Mrs. James Forman, fourth vice-president; Miss A. J. Fawcett, recording secretary; Mrs. George Seales, corresponding secretary and Mrs. E. B. Smith, treasurer.

Owing to the fact that the association now holds property, it was found necessary to draw up a new form of constitution, which was formally adopted at last night's meeting.

Mrs. Seales moved a vote of thanks to members of the staff, the waitresses, Mrs. Milburn for her voluntary aid in the kitchen, the press and all who during the past year have assisted the work of the association with entertainments and lectures to the clergy of the

city, to Miss Spencer, who has kept the building supplied with flowers throughout the year; to Mr. J. L. Grimmason, for auditing the accounts and Mr. Shandley and Mr. Sidney Child, for helping to prepare the constitution.

The full text of the general secretary's report will be published in next Sunday's Colonist.

The manufacture of beverages made with absinthe is now prohibited by the Swiss Federal Council. By an earlier decree, the Council had prohibited the manufacture of absinthe itself. The original decree expressly permitted the manufacture of such beverages, but has now been revised in view of the fact that these were coming to be used more and more as a substitute for pure absinthe and that abuses and legal uncertainties were the result. In view of the large stock of these beverages on hand, it has been arranged that an interval of six months shall be allowed to elapse before the new regulations are enforced.

German Imperial officials having refused to increase the regular allotment of food so as to make provision for the customary Spring and Summer visitors who swarm to the numerous Bavarian main springs and other resorts, the Bavarian officials have had to take energetic measures to discourage in every possible way the visit of tourists from other parts of Germany. The restrictions will be extended to the newest war product—the city dweller who visits the country regularly for the purpose of purchasing at any price the food he cannot get in his own town. The food in Bavaria already is so scarce that even the local country population has not sufficient.

**A Little Salt Goes
A Long Way if It is**

Windsor Table Salt

THE CANADIAN SALT CO. LIMITED

ANCHOR-BRANDON LIME

MONTREAL - GLASGOW

British Columbia Electric Railway Co., Ltd.

SAANICH DIVISION

A more frequent service is given both ways between Victoria and Saanich and intermediate stations. Trains leave Victoria daily for Deep Bay and intermediate points at 7:30 a.m. and every 3 hours thereafter until 10:30 p.m.

Trains leave Deep Bay daily for Victoria and intermediate points at 9 a.m., and every 3 hours thereafter until 10:30 midnight.

For full information, apply Ticket Office, 1206 Douglas Street, Opposite City Hall, Phone 1909.

THE UNION STEAMSHIP CO. OF B.C., LTD.

Sailings to Northern B. C. Ports:
SE. CAMOOSH sail from VICTORIA, every Tuesday at 8 a.m. for Alert Bay, Port Hardy, Prince Rupert, Fort St. John, and Skeena River. Sailing from Prince Rupert, every Friday, 10 a.m. for Skeena River, Port Hardy, Alert Bay, and VICTORIA. Sailing from VICTORIA, every Friday, 10 a.m. for Skeena River, Port Hardy, Alert Bay, and Prince Rupert. Sailing from Prince Rupert, every Friday, 10 a.m. for Skeena River, Port Hardy, Alert Bay, and VICTORIA.

Pacific Steamship Co.
Sailings to Northern B. C. Ports:
SE. CAMOOSH sail from VICTORIA, every Tuesday at 8 a.m. for Alert Bay, Port Hardy, Prince Rupert, Fort St. John, and Skeena River. Sailing from Prince Rupert, every Friday, 10 a.m. for Skeena River, Port Hardy, Alert Bay, and VICTORIA. Sailing from VICTORIA, every Friday, 10 a.m. for Skeena River, Port Hardy, Alert Bay, and Prince Rupert. Sailing from Prince Rupert, every Friday, 10 a.m. for Skeena River, Port Hardy, Alert Bay, and VICTORIA.

AMERICAN LINE
Weekly Sailings
WHITE STAR LINE
Frequent Sailings
New York-Liverpool
Carrying Passengers, Cargo and United States Mail
For full information apply to any B. C. Agent, or to Messrs. J. & W. Colman, Ltd., 1117 Yates St., Victoria.

RASH WAGER LANDS AUSTRIAN IN JAIL

Alias Enemy Asked to Kill Officers Odd
That Germany Would Win War—
Arrested by Nelson Sergeant

NELSON, B. C., May 26.—An Austrian who gives the name of Tommasy Prebel ran into the wron gindividual when he offered to give odds to Sergeant E. Peters in the Nelson Cafe on Saturday.

The sergeant noticed the Australian sitting in the cafe, along with a Chinese man, a lumber jack named William Hockley. He saw that that Rebel was a busy looking possibility for the ranks of the "Manufacturers' Independent Foresters' Company," and invited him and Elsie to join. Elsie expressed his willingness, but Rebel murmured, telling the sergeant that the latter wouldn't want an

Italian, anyway. Thinking that Prebel was a native of the Southern European country, the sergeant, who had such havoc with the subjects of Emperor Charles, the sergeant stated that an Italian would be a welcome addition to the strength of the company. He expressed gratification at what the Italians were doing in the Austrian border, when much to his surprise, he learned in effect that the reports of the brilliant progress of the Italian army were all "bunk." He stated he was an Austrian and offered to wager heavy odds that the German and Austrian armies would never come to blows from the European conflict. The sergeant offered to take the bet, but the Austrian refused to put up any money.

Just to show the Austrian how hospitable Canadians can be, even to enemy spies, the sergeant proceeded to provide him with lodging as a guest of the city and assigned to him D. Jones and Goodwin as his escorts to the civic bawling, where he was shown a latticed apartment by Sergt. Sutherland. His companion was regis-

Four witnesses who were present in the cafe during the conversation between the sergeant and Prebel have expressed their willingness to testify against the prisoner.

WINNIPEG GRAIN MARKET

WINNIPEG, May 30.—October wheat closed 1 1/2c lower, having fluctuated just 1c during the session. May oats dropped 5c, and July 1c, and October closed unchanged. Barley closed 1c up for May, and flax closed with May 1c lower, and July 1c lower, and October \$2.50. Cash prices went down on small grades, and on basis contracts. With the American markets closed and trading in wheat futures on this market closed to October, and that under restrictions, the market was exceedingly dull. No opening on October was posted until 10 o'clock. The cash situation was again without features. Receipts are more liberal and quite a few farmers are beginning to bring in grain, but no real activity. Great quantities of oats are being delivered through the

clearing-house on May contracts. They have been running over 20,000 bushels daily for some time and it is understood delivery is being taken on account of the Dominion Government. Deliveries through the clearing-house to day were: Wheat, nil; oats, 210,500; barley, 3,000; flax, 1,900.		
Wheat.....	Open.	Close.
Oct.	1904	1905
Oats.....		
May.....	67½	67½
Oct.	65½	64½
Oct.	55½	55½
Barley.....		
May.....		118
Flax.....		
May.....		278½
Oct.	284½	278½
Oct.	250	250
Cash prices: Wheat—1 Nor., 238; 3 Nor., 232; 3 Nor., 228; 4, 216; No. 5, 191; No. 6, 160; feed, 118; basis contract—May, 226; June, 231; July, 226; Oct., 212; 3 C. W., 67½; 3 C. W., 64½; extra 1 feed, 64½.		
Barley—No. 3, 118; No. 4, 112; rejected—no. feed, 100.		
Flax—1 N. W. C., 278½; 2 C. W.,		

MONTREAL PRODUCE

MONTREAL, May 30.—The tone of the market for butter is weak, and lower prices are looked for. There is a fair demand for cheese, but the market is unsettled.

Eggs easy and tending lower.

Cheese.—Finest Westerns, 22 to 23½; Finest Easterns, 22 to 22½.

Butter.—Choicest creamery, 33½; seconds, 32.

Eggs.—Fresh, 42.

Pork.—Heavy Canada short mess, barrels 56 to 57; Canada short cut back, barrels 53 to 54.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE

LONDON, May 30.—Bar silver, 24d. per ounce. Money, 4 to 4½ per cent. Discount rates: Short bills, 4 11-16 per cent; three months, 4½ per cent.

MONTREAL STOCKS

(Murdick Brothers & Whit, Limited)

MONTREAL, May 30.—Today's trading in the stock market was confined to a few issues and then only a very little. At the close, Scotia Steel was an exception, having a large amount of stock changing. Only a small amount of Dominion Iron came out at all, but a little in Toronto. The past few days have been very good, and the market in New York is expected to make a respectable appearance, and it was expected that the market would be good this morning.

Stocks—	High.	Low.	Close.
Amex. Golden	..	..	38
Do pfd	..	..	38 1/2
Can. Pac. Frac.	59 1/2	59 1/4	59 1/2
B. C. Clif.	..	..	24 1/2
Can. Cement	64	63 1/2	64
Do pfd	..	..	64 1/2
Can. Car. Pdy.	92	92	92
Do pfd	..	..	92 1/2
Can. Gen.	..	..	97
Can. P. & C.	83 1/2	83 1/2	83 1/2
Can. Gen. Elec.	110 1/2	110 1/2	110 1/2
Clive Inv. and Ind.	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2
Do pfd	..	..	78 1/2
and	..	..	78 1/2
and Detroit	100	100	100
Do pfd	..	..	100 1/2
Imperial	83 1/2	84 1/2	85
Imperial	..	..	85 1/2
Do pfd	..	..	87 1/2
Laurentide Co.	177	177	177 1/2
Do pfd	..	..	178 1/2
May 30	..	..	86
May 31	..	..	86 1/2
May 31	..	..	107 1/2

Central Cotton	11	31
Donald Co.	11	12
W. S. Reed	11	12
do pfd	93	94 1/2
Ont. Steel Prod.	23	110
do	23	23
Griville Mfg. Co.	11	144 1/2
Ontario Steel	11	110
Penman Ltd.	11	71 1/2
Quebec Ry.	11	122
Canadian Paper	11	122
do pfd	11	122
Spanish Riv. Pulp	11	122
do pfd	11	122
Steel of Can.	62 1/2	64
do pfd	62 1/2	64
Toronto Ry.	11	97
do	11	97
W. City Elec.	11	104 1/2
Winnipeg Elec.	11	29

DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

Mid-Season Sale and June Sale of Whitewear

to Start Friday June First

This sale represents our First great organized effort at bargain-giving this season

A careful study of this page together with the displays in our windows will be greatly to your advantage

The June Sale of Whitewear



In introducing our Whitewear offerings for this annual event, we particularly point out the fact that it has been no light task to bring together such a wonderful assemblage of new, crisp garments to sell at such reasonable prices. With manufacturers continually having to face increased prices for raw materials, together with other additional costs of production, we consider ourselves extremely fortunate in being able, at this time, to offer such remarkable values.

Women who value quality of materials, as well as daintiness in designs and make, will, we are sure, fully appreciate the following offerings. Incidentally, we would remind our customers that to buy at this sale is to save substantially.

White Sale of Nightgowns

Nightgowns, of good quality crepe, trimmed with strong linen lace. June White Sale **\$1.00**
 Nightgowns, of white cotton; fancy yoke of lace and embroidery. June White Sale **\$1.00**
 Nightgowns of white cotton. Extra large sizes, up to 46, and finished with three-quarter length sleeves. June White Sale, for **\$1.00**
 Nightgowns of white cotton; high neck and long sleeves; yoke trimmed with embroidery. June White Sale **\$1.00**
 Nightgowns of white cambric; high neck and long sleeves; trimmed with lace and embroidery. June White Sale **75c**
 Nightgowns, of white cambric; slipover styles, trimmed with lace. June White Sale **50c**
 Nightgowns of strong white cotton, trimmed with linen, lace and embroidery. June White Sale **\$1.25**
 Nightgowns, of fine nainsook; dainty yokes of Swiss embroidery; neck and sleeves trimmed to match. June White Sale, for **\$1.50**

June White Sale of Underskirts

Underskirts, of white cotton; tucked flounce edged with embroidery. June White Sale **50c**
 Underskirts, of white cotton; wide flounce of embroidery. Large assortment of styles. June White Sale **\$1.00**
 Underskirts, of white cotton; wide frill of embroidery trimmed with ribbon. June White Sale **\$1.25**
 Underskirts, of heavy white cotton; wide flounce of tucked embroidery. June White Sale **\$1.75**

White Sale of Infants Garments

Infants' Short Dresses, of plain white cotton; neck and sleeves edged with narrow lace; sizes 6 months to 2 years. June White Sale **35c**
 Infants' Short Dresses, of white nainsook; tucked yoke, trimmed with embroidery insertion. Sizes 6 months to 2 years. June White Sale **75c**
 Infants' Short Petticoats, of white cotton, neatly trimmed with embroidery. June White Sale **50c**
 Infants' Short Skirts, of good quality white flannelette. June White Sale **50c**

White Sale of Combinations and Princess Slips

Princess Slips, of fine quality white nainsook; yoke and frill of embroidery. June White Sale **\$1.25**
 Combinations, of strong white cotton, trimmed with imitation Cluny lace. June White Sale **75c**
 Combinations, of white cotton, yoke and frill of embroidery. June White Sale **\$1.00**
 Envelope Combinations, of good quality crepe, trimmed with lace. June White Sale **\$1.00**
 Envelope Combinations, of white cotton; yoke of embroidery trimmed with lace insertion. June White Sale **\$1.25**
 Envelope Combinations, trimmed with linen lace. June White Sale **75c**

June White Sale of Chemises and Corset Covers

Chemises, of white cotton, neatly trimmed with lace. June White Sale **50c**
 Chemises, of fine white nainsook, trimmed with narrow lace. June White Sale **75c**
 Corset Covers, of crepe, trimmed with heavy lace. June White Sale **25c**
 Corset Covers, of white nainsook; deep yoke of embroidery; neck and sleeves edged with lace. June White Sale **50c**

Mid-Season Sale of Women's Tailored and Novelty Suits

Remarkable Savings for Friday

For this Mid-Season Sale we have rearranged our stock of Women's Suits, sorting out several dozen models and re-pricing them for quick selling. Those who view the samples in our View Street windows today will easily recognize that most exceptional bargains are offered.

\$25.00 to \$35.00 Suits to Go at \$18.75

This group includes stylish models of cream serge; most serviceable styles in Donegal tweeds, navy and black serges; also a smart range of Suits in the new bright shades of green, mustard, tan, and battleship grey. Every Suit a bargain.

\$35.00 to \$75.00 Novelty and Imported Models to Go at \$27.50 and \$37.50

This assortment includes many of our best models, as well as all imported novelties. The Group at **\$27.50** embraces very smart models in blue, fawn and cream serges, also serviceable tweeds; some of the season's best styles. The Group at **\$37.50** includes all our imported models in serges, gaberdines, Bolivia cloth and silk poplins, also models in jersey cloth, in shades mustard, green, sand, navy and black.



—Selling First Floor

June White Sale of Waists

Brings \$1.00 and \$1.25 Values to Sell at

65c

The biggest Waist bargain offered thus far this season, and it's one that we know will bring a crowd of customers to the store on Friday morning.

They are all good, serviceable Waists in lingerie styles, of white voiles, corded and embroidered voiles. A big range of designs, with square collars, trimmed with lace; long and three-quarter sleeves. All sizes, 34 to 46. Sharp on time for the best selection essential.

—Selling First Floor

100 Middy Waists for 75c

This is a remarkable bargain, and one that will create great excitement in the Waist Section on Friday.

This Middy is made from a very heavy quality white drill, a quality that will wear and launder beautifully. Trimmed on square collar with cadet, navy and cardinal and white bands; lace front. All sizes for women, 34 to 42.

A big White Sale Bargain at **75c**

—Selling First Floor

Men's Solid Leather Boots

Worth to \$7.00 a Pair, Friday

\$4.85

Several hundred men will participate in this sale, for they will grasp at the opportunity of being able to secure good Solid Leather Footwear at such a reasonable price.

The boots we offer at this sale are all thoroughly reliable, and backed by our personal guarantee.

There are various lasts, all new and up-to-date, made for this season's selling, and including the popular English last. All leathers, in black and tan. Practically every pair Goodyear welted, and all sizes.

Friday, a pair **\$4.85**

—Selling Main Floor

Men's All-Wool Flannel Cricket Shirts

Regular Value \$2.50, Friday **\$1.50**

This offering will interest the cricketer, and all who enjoy outdoor sports.

A Genuine English Flannel, all-wool, in cream shade, finished with turn-down collar with points buttoned down; band cuffs. A big, roomy shirt. Sizes 14 to 16. Friday, while they last, each **\$1.50**

Youths' and Boys' Shirts, same quality as above, in sizes 12, 13, 13½ and 14. Reg. \$2.00 value, for **\$1.25**

—Furnishings, Main Floor

Stanfield's Natural Wool Mixture Underwear, \$1.50 Grade, for \$1.15

A beautiful grade of Elastic Rib Underwear, specially made for Summer wear. We offer a limited quantity of garments Friday at a bargain price. The shirts have long sleeves; drawers ankle length.

Reg. \$1.50 grade. Friday, a garment **\$1.15**

—Men's Furnishings, Main Floor

20 Refrigerators

Regular Value \$14.75, To Go at **\$10.50**

This is a special season-opening bargain for Friday only. As the saving is practically equal to one-third, it should not take long to sell these.

This Refrigerator is made of well-seasoned kiln-dried hardwood, finished in golden oak; has five walls insulated; provision for ice chambers lined with galvanized steel; removable shelves and strong ice rack.

A rare bargain at **\$10.50**

—Hardware, Second Floor

Mid-Season Sale of Silks

Colored Pongee Silks, in a large range of shades, suitable for women's and children's wear. Clearing, a yard **50c**
 Hawaiian Silks, in 14 different shades; the ideal silk for hot Summer wear. Also for linings for cool dresses. 36 in. wide, a yard for **50c**
 Pongee Silks, the old reliable qualities at very special prices. A yard, 35c, 50c and **75c**
 All Silk French Chiffon Tulle, in black, a beautiful rich quality, worth \$1.75. 36 in. wide. Special, a yard **\$1.25**

—Silks, Main Floor

June Offerings in Ladies' Gloves

White Glace Kid Gloves, 2-dome, all sizes. Special, a pair **\$1.25**
 White Glace Kid Gloves, 12-button length, all sizes. Special, a pair **\$1.50**
 White and Natural Chamotte Gloves, 2-button length, all sizes. Special, pr. **\$1.50**
 White Chamotte Gloves, 2-dome, all sizes, a pair for **\$1.00**
 White Glace Kid Gloves, 2-dome, self and black points. All sizes. Special, per pair **\$1.50**

—Main Floor

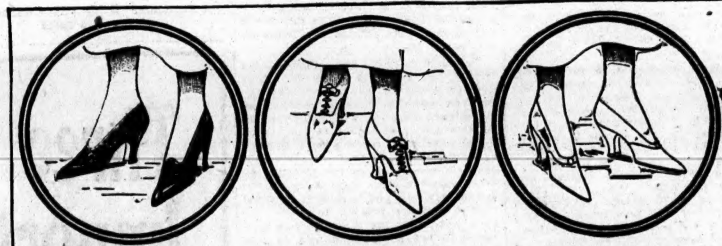
Boys' Wash Suits

Midseason Sale **\$1.25**

—all up-to-date models, well made from English goods, including fancy gingham, chambrays and middie cloth. Twelve styles to choose from, and all bargain values. All sizes represented.

—Boys' Clothing, Main Floor

About 200 Pairs Women's Boots and Low Shoes in This Mid-Season Sale Friday at \$3.65 and \$2.95



Two groups of Women's Shoes we have sorted out for a big day's selling tomorrow. They are Shoes of high grade manufacture, thoroughly reliable, and all up-to-date in styles. For convenience of selling we have sorted them into two groups, as follows:

About 60 Pairs Women's Boots to Go at, Pair **\$3.65**

Fine quality Boots, mostly patent leathers in button and lace styles; others in gunmetal and glazed kid. All sizes represented. Exceptional bargains.

About 120 Pairs Women's Pumps and Oxfords, to Go at, Pair **\$2.95**

All good qualities in up-to-date lasts and in patent leather, glazed kid and gunmetal. (A few pairs slightly imperfect.) All suitable for present wear.

—Selling First Floor

2,000 Yds. Fine Quality Embroideries to go at Half Price

Another lot just opened up for this sale. They are practically duplicate values of those offered about two months ago, when we sold a similar quantity in a little over one day.

Some of the finest quality Batiste Embroideries are included. These will make up into very handsome dresses for women and girls; also pieces suitable for all classes of garments.

2 to 9-inch Embroideries. Reg. to 35c. June White Sale, a yard **15c**
 4 to 18-inch Embroideries. Reg. to 50c. June White Sale, a yard **25c**
 24 to 27-inch Fine Grade Embroideries, suitable for ladies' and children's dresses. Values to \$1.75. June White Sale, a yard **75c**

Colored Madras Muslins

Values 65c to \$1.75. Clear at, Yard **39c**
 About 300 yards in this lot, which represents one of the greatest drapery bargains offered for some considerable time. Beautiful colors and designs, most effective for window draperies. 50 inches wide.

—Draperies, Third Floor

75 Pairs Thomson's Glove-Fitting Corset

Our special White Sale offering in Corsets is a serviceable model for the average figure. Made of heavy batiste, double boned, low bust and long hips. All sizes, and exceptionally good value at, a pair, **\$1.00**

—Corsets, First Floor

Women's Knit Undervests, 2 for 25c

A small stock of seconds, in broken sizes, will be cleared at the above bargain price. Vests are of fine knit, short or no sleeves.

—Selling First Floor

White Sale of Ladies' Collars

Exceptional Values at 25c, 50c and \$1.00

New fashionable Collars in the latest materials—all included in the following three offerings.

Values to 50c for 25c

A big range at this price, including the new big Cape collars trimmed with lace, also the sailor shapes and many other popular styles. These will be bought up quickly—so shop early.

Values to \$2.75, to Go at 50c and \$1.00

In these two prices we have grouped many of our better grade collars of Georgette crepe, crepe de chine, muslin and voiles. All the latest shapes represented. Values only appreciated by seeing.

—Selling Main Floor

Furniture Bargains, Friday

Three-piece Upholstered Suite, in tapestry, stuff over frames, mahogany finish. Was \$125.00. Special clearing price **\$75.00**
 Solid Mahogany Bedstead, full size, slightly damaged. Regular price \$30.75. To clear at **\$25.00**
 Full size Brass Bed, massive pillars and stout fillers. Regular price \$25.00. Clear at **\$10.00**
 Full size White Enamel Bed, reg. price \$9.75, to clear at **\$5.25**
 3-ft. White Enamel Bed, reg. \$7.00. To clear at **\$3.75**
 3 only Bookcases, surfaced oak finish, with five shelves. Reg. price \$5.75. To clear at **\$2.75**
 3 only Mahogany Bedroom Chairs, with cane seats. Reg. price \$4.00. Clearing at **\$3.25**

—Furniture, Fourth Floor

\$6.90 Semi-Collapsible Buggies Friday, \$4.50

About 17 Buggies in all, and in two styles. These will necessitate your shopping early, for they are the lowest priced Buggies offered for some months.

Seven only Collapsible Sulkeys, a strong but light Sulkey with hood. Simple folding device; 10-inch wheels with 3-8 inch rubber tyres. Regular price \$6.90. Friday **\$4.50**
 10 only semi-collapsible Gocarts, with hood. All black. 5-8 inch rubber tyres. Reg. \$6.90. Friday **\$4.50**

—Selling Fifth Floor

Midseason Sale of Trimmed Hats \$5

Our first special selling of Trimmed Millinery this season. Many very smart models have been selected from our regular stock of higher-priced Hats, and grouped into this one-price offering. Colored Straws and Combination Materials, also Wide and Narrow Brims, High and Low Crowns, all included. See window for samples.

—Millinery, Second Floor

Dorin's Face Powder

Special Offer, Friday Only

At our Drug Department we are making a special offer of Dorin's Face Powder, extra large size, in flesh, white and brunette. This usually sells at 75c, but on Friday only we will sell at **40c**

Including War Tax. —Drugs, Main Floor

DAVID SPENCER, LTD.